Main Criteria: Forward

Secondary Criteria: Idaho Content Standards, Illinois Learning Standards, Indiana Academic Standards, Iowa Student Standards, Kansas Academic Standards, Kentucky Academic Standards, Louisiana Academic Standards, Maine Learning Results, Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards, Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks, Mathematics, Michigan Academic Standards, Minnesota Academic Standards, Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards, Missouri Learning Standards, Montana Content Standards

Subjects: Mathematics, Science, Technology Education

Grades: 5, 6, 7, 8, Key Stage 2, Key Stage 3

Forward

Solar Water Disinfection (SODIS)

Idaho Content Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022

ST ANDARD / COURSE		Fifth Grade Standards for Mathematical Practice
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD / COURSE	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: Understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
GLE / BIG IDEA	5.MD.C.4	Use concrete and/or visual models to measure the volume of rectangular prisms in cubic units by counting cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and nonstandard units.
ST ANDARD / COURSE	5.MD.	Measurement and Data

CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: Understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
GLE / BIG IDEA	5.MD.C. 5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume.
OBJECTIVE	5.MD.C.5 .a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base.
OBJECTIVE	5.MD.C.5 .b.	Apply the formulas III=III×III×II and III=III×II (where III stands for the area of the base) for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths, and in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.
		Idaho Content Standards
		Mathematics Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022
ST ANDARD / COURSE		Sixth Grade Standards for Mathematical Practice
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
ST ANDARD / COURSE	6.G.	Geometry

Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.

CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL

6.G.A.

GLE / BIG IDEA 6.G.A.2. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas I=lwh and I=III to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

		Idaho Content Standards Mathematics Grade 7 - Adopted: 2022
ST ANDARD / COURSE		Seventh Grade Standards for Mathematical Practice
Content Knowledge And Skills / Goal	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STANDARD / COURSE	7.G.	Geometry
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	7.G.B.	Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.
GLE / BIG IDEA	7.G.B.6.	Generalize strategies for finding area, volume, and surface areas of two- and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes, and right prisms. Solve real-world and mathematical problems in each

Idaho Content Standards Mathematics Grade 8 - Adopted: 2022

Eighth Grade Standards for Mathematical Practice

of these areas.

Content Knowledge And Skills / Goal	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STANDARD / COURSE	8.G.	Geometry
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	8.G.C.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.
GLE / BIG IDEA	8.G.C.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

Idaho Content Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022

ST ANDARD / COURSE	MS-PS.	Physical Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS-PS- 4.	Waves
GLE / BIG IDEA	MS-PS- 4.3.	Present qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals (0s and 1s) can be used to encode and transmit information.
ST ANDARD / COURSE	MS-ESS.	Earth and Space Science

CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS- ESS-3.	Earth and Human Activity
GLE / BIG IDEA	MS-ESS-	Construct an argument based on evidence for how changes in human population and per-capita consumption of

3.4. natural resources positively and negatively affect Earth's systems.

Idaho Content Standards Science Grade 7 - Adopted: 2022

STANDARD / M COURSE	/IS-PS. I	Physical Science
CONTENT N KNOWLEDGE 4. AND SKILLS / GOAL		Waves

GLE / BIG IDEA MS-PS- Present qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals (0s and 1s) can be 4.3. used to encode and transmit information.

ST ANDARD / COURSE	MS-ESS.	Earth and Space Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS- ESS-3.	Earth and Human Activity
	MS-ESS-	Construct an argument based on evidence for how changes in human nonulation and ner-capita consumption of

GLE / BIG IDEA

3.4.

MS-ESS- Construct an argument based on evidence for how changes in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources positively and negatively affect Earth's systems.

Idaho Content Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2022

ST ANDARD / COURSE	MS-PS.	Physical Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS-PS- 4.	Waves
GLE / BIG IDEA	MS-PS- 4.3.	Present qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals (0s and 1s) can be used to encode and transmit information.

ST ANDARD / COURSE	MS-ESS.	Earth and Space Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS- ESS-3.	Earth and Human Activity

GLE / BIG IDEA MS-ESS- Construct an argument based on evidence for how changes in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources positively and negatively affect Earth's systems. 3.4.

> Idaho Content Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.3- 5.3.	STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE CONSTRUCTOR
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 3: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3- 5.3.d.	Students explore real-world problems and issues and collaborate with others to find answers or solutions.
STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.3- 5.5.	STANDARD 5: COMPUTATIONAL THINKER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 5: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3- 5.5.a.	Students explore or solve problems by selecting technology for data analysis, modeling and algorithmic thinking, with guidance from an educator.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3- 5.5.c.	Students break down problems into smaller parts, identify key information, and propose solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3- 5.5.d.	Students understand and explore basic concepts related to automation, patterns and algorithmic thinking.
STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.IC.	Impacts of Computing (IC)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Fostering an Inclusive Computing Culture

OBJECTIVE 3-5.IC.02. Explore the connections between computer science and other fields. (Grades 3-5)

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Creating Computational Artifacts

OBJECTIVE

3-

Construct and test problem solutions using a block-based visual programming language, both independently and 5.AP.02. collaboratively (e.g. pair programming). (Grades K-5)

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Testing and Refining Computational Artifacts

OBJECTIVE

5.AP.05.

3-

Understand, explain and debug the sequencing in an algorithm. (Grades 3-5)

STANDARD /
COURSEID.CS.3-5.COMPUTER SCIENCECONTENT
KNOWLEDGE
AND SKILLS /
GOAL3-5.AP.Algorithms and Programming (AP)GLE / BIG
IDEAImage: Computational Artifacts

OBJECTIVE

3- Construct and test problem solutions using a block-based visual programming language, both independently and 5.AP.06. collaboratively (e.g. pair programming). (Grades K-5)

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Developing and Using Abstractions
OBJECTIVE	3-	Construct an algorithm to accomplish a task, both independently and collaboratively. (Grades K-5)

DUCTIVE

5.AP.07.

Idaho Content Standards

Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.3.	STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE CONSTRUCTOR
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 3: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

GLE / BIG IDEA ICT.6- Students explore real-world issues and problems and actively pursue an understanding of them and solutions for 8.3.d. them.

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.4.	STANDARD 4: INNOVATIVE DESIGNER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 4: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.4.b.	Students select and use digital tools to support a design process and expand their understanding to identify constraints and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.4.d.	Students demonstrate an ability to persevere and handle greater ambiguity as they work to solve open-ended problems.
ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.5.	STANDARD 5: COMPUTATIONAL THINKER

CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 5: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.a.	Students practice defining problems to solve by computing for data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.b.	Students find or organize data and use technology to analyze and represent it to solve problems and make decisions and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.c.	Students break problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.d.	Students demonstrate an understanding of how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to design and automate solutions.

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.6-8.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Communicating About Computing
OBJECTIVE	6-	Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-

8.AP.02. 8)

Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-

Idaho Content Standards Technology Education

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2017

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.3.	STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE CONSTRUCTOR
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 3: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.3.d.	Students explore real-world issues and problems and actively pursue an understanding of them and solutions for them.
STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.4.	STANDARD 4: INNOVATIVE DESIGNER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 4: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.4.b.	Students select and use digital tools to support a design process and expand their understanding to identify constraints and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.5.	STANDARD 5: COMPUTATIONAL THINKER

CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 5: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.a.	Students practice defining problems to solve by computing for data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.b.	Students find or organize data and use technology to analyze and represent it to solve problems and make decisions and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.c.	Students break problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-	Students demonstrate an understanding of how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to design and

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.6-8.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Communicating About Computing
OBJECTIVE	6-	Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-

OBJECTIVE

8.AP.02. 8)

8.5.d. automate solutions.

Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-

Idaho Content Standards Technology Education

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2017

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.3.	STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE CONSTRUCTOR
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 3: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.3.d.	Students explore real-world issues and problems and actively pursue an understanding of them and solutions for them.
STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6- 8.4.	STANDARD 4: INNOVATIVE DESIGNER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 4: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
gle / Big idea	ICT.6- 8.4.b.	Students select and use digital tools to support a design process and expand their understanding to identify constraints and trade-offs and to weigh risks.

STANDARD /	ID.ICT.6-	ST ANDARD 5: COMPUT AT IONAL THINKER
COURSE	8.5.	

CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 5: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.a.	Students practice defining problems to solve by computing for data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.b.	Students find or organize data and use technology to analyze and represent it to solve problems and make decisions and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.c.	Students break problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve.
GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6- 8.5.d.	Students demonstrate an understanding of how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to design and automate solutions.

ST ANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.6-8	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Communicating About Computing
OBJECTIVE	6-	Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-

8.AP.02. 8)

Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-

Illinois Learning Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2010

	IL.K- 12.MP.	Mathematical Practices
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.

LEARNING	K-	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD /	12.MP.7.	
DISCIPLINE		

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.5.MD.	Measurement and Data
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.

 DESCRIPTOR /
 CC.5.MD
 Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units.

 CONTENT
 .4.

 DISCIPLINE
 .4.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.5.MD.	Measurement and Data
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.5.M D.5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.
STANDARD	CC.5.MD. 5.a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
STANDARD	CC.5.MD. 5.b.	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = b \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.
		Illinois Learning Standards
		Mathematics
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010
	IL.K- 12.MP.	Mathematical Practices
LEARNING	K-	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

LEARNING	K-	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STANDARD /	12.MP.1.	

DISCIPLINE

LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.4.	Model with mathematics.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6.G.	Geometry
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.

LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT	CC.6.G.2	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the same as would b

DISCIPLINE

Itiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas V = I w h and V = b h to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Illinois Learning Standards Mathematics Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.K- 12.MP.	Mathematical Practices
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
		Illinois Learning Standards

Mathematics

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010

LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K- 12.MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.8.G.	Geometry
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.8.G.9	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

Illinois Learning Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2014

	IL.3-5- ET S.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	3-5- ET S1.	Engineering Design
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Illinois Learning Standards Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2014

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS- ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD

MS-

Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS- ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010			
	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Key Ideas and Details	
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.	
	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	

LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Craft and Structure
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Text Types and Purposes
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.WHST. 2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
STANDARD	CC.6- 8.WHST.2. d.	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Production and Distribution of Writing
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.WHST.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between CONTENT 8.WHST.6 information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Illinois Learning Standards

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2014

	IL.MS- ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD

Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption MS-ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS- ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010			
	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Key Ideas and Details	
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.	

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Craft and Structure
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Text Types and Purposes
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.WHST. 2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
STANDARD	CC.6- 8.WHST.2. d.	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Production and Distribution of Writing

DESCRIPTOR /	CC.6-	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task,
CONTENT	8.WHST.4	purpose, and audience.
DISCIPLINE		

DESCRIPTOR /	CC.6-	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between
CONTENT	8.WHST.6	information and ideas clearly and efficiently.
DISCIPLINE		

Illinois Learning Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2014

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS- ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
STANDARD	MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS- ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Key Ideas and Details
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

DESCRIPTOR /	CC.6-	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical
CONTENT	8.RST.3.	tasks.
DISCIPLINE		

	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT		
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Craft and Structure
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.RST.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Text Types and Purposes
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.WHST. 2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
STANDARD	CC.6- 8.WHST.2. d.	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6- 8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects

LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Production and Distribution of Writing
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.WHST.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6- 8.WHST.6	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Illinois Learning Standards Technology Education

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Practices
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3	Recognizing and defining computational problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	5	Creating computational artifacts.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6	Testing and refining computational artifacts.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.CS.	Computing Systems
STANDARD		Troubleshooting
EXPECTATION	3-	Determine potential solutions to solve simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting

5 C.S

3- Determine potential solutions to solve simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting5.CS.03. strategies.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.DA.	Data and Analysis
STANDARD		Interference and Models

EXPECTATION 3-

5.DA.07.

Use data to highlight or propose cause-and-effect relationships, predict outcomes, or communicate an idea.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Algorithms

EXPECTATION 3-

5.AP.08.

Compare and refine multiple algorithms for the same task and determine which is the most appropriate.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Modularity

EXPECTATION 3- Decompose (break down) problems into smaller, manageable subproblems to facilitate the program development 5.AP.11. process.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.ET.	Emerging and Future Technologies

STANDARD 3-5.ET.E. Create new or original work by applying emerging technologies.

		Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.3.	Knowledge Constructors: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems, developing ideas and theories and pursuing answers and solutions.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students

LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.4.	Innovative Designers: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.4.a.	Know and use a deliberate design process for generating ideas, testing theories, creating innovative artifacts or solving authentic problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.5.	Computational Thinkers: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models, and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.b.	Collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decision-making.

Illinois Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022

DISCIPLINE

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Practices
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3	Recognizing and defining computational problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	5	Creating computational artifacts.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6	Testing and refining computational artifacts.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards

LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.CS.	Computing Systems
STANDARD		Troubleshooting

EXPECTATION 6-

Systematically identify and fix problems with computing devices and their components.

8.

8.CS.03.

	Systematically	luenuiy	pionieniis	vviui	computing	uevices	anu uie	ii compone	:115
~ ~ ~									

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Algorithms

EXPECTATION 6-

8.AP.11.

Use flowcharts or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms.

STATE GOAL /
DISCIPLINARY
CONCEPTIllinois Computer Science StandardsLEARNING
STANDARD /
DISCIPLINEComputer Science StandardsDESCRIPTOR /
CONTENT
DISCIPLINE6-8.AP.Algorithms and ProgrammingSTANDARDModularity

EXPECTATION 6-8.AP.14.

Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.IC.	Impacts of Computing
STANDARD		Social Interactions
EXPECTATION	6-8.IC.23.	Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY		Illinois Computer Science Standards

LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.ET.	Emerging and Future Technologies

STANDARD

6-8.ET.E. Create new or original work by applying emerging technologies.

		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.3.	Knowledge Constructors: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT	ISTE- S.3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems, developing ideas and theories and pursuing answers and solutions.

DISCIPLINE

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.4.	Innovative Designers: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.4.a.	Know and use a deliberate design process for generating ideas, testing theories, creating innovative artifacts or solving authentic problems.
DESCRIPTOR /	ISTE-	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated

CONTENT	S.4.b.
CONTENT	0.4.0.

DISCIPLINE

risks.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.5.	Computational Thinkers: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models, and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.b.	Collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decision-making.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

Illinois Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 7 - Adopted: 2022

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Practices
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3	Recognizing and defining computational problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	5	Creating computational artifacts.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6	Testing and refining computational artifacts.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.CS.	Computing Systems
STANDARD		Troubleshooting
EXPECTATION	6- 8.CS.03.	Systematically identify and fix problems with computing devices and their components.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Algorithms
EXPECTATION	6- 8.AP.11.	Use flowcharts or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Modularity

EXPECTATION 6-

8.AP.14.

Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.IC.	Impacts of Computing
STANDARD		Social Interactions

EXPECTATION

6-8.IC.23. Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.ET.	Emerging and Future Technologies

STANDARD

6-8.ET.E. Create new or original work by applying emerging technologies.

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.3.	Knowledge Constructors: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems, developing ideas and theories and pursuing answers and solutions.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.4.	Innovative Designers: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.4.a.	Know and use a deliberate design process for generating ideas, testing theories, creating innovative artifacts or solving authentic problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.5.	Computational Thinkers: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models, and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.b.	Collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decision-making.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

Illinois Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2022

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Practices
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3	Recognizing and defining computational problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	5	Creating computational artifacts.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6	Testing and refining computational artifacts.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPT OR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.CS.	Computing Systems
STANDARD		Troubleshooting
EXPECTATION	6-	Systematically identify and fix problems with computing devices and their components.

6-EXPECTATION 8.CS.03.

Systematically identify and fix problems with computing devices and their components.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Algorithms
EXPECTATION	6- 8.AP.11.	Use flowcharts or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Modularity
EXPECTATION	6- 8.AP.14.	Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING ST ANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.IC.	Impacts of Computing
STANDARD		Social Interactions
EXPECTATION	6-8.IC.23.	Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact.
STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.ET.	Emerging and Future Technologies

STANDARD 6-8.ET.E. Create new or original work by applying emerging technologies.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.3.	Knowledge Constructors: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

DESCRIPTOR /ISTE-Build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems, developing ideas and theories and pursuingCONTENTS.3.d.answers and solutions.DISCIPLINE

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.4.	Innovative Designers: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.4.a.	Know and use a deliberate design process for generating ideas, testing theories, creating innovative artifacts or solving authentic problems.

DESCRIPTOR /	ISTE-	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated
CONTENT	S.4.b.	risks.
DISCIPLINE		

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE- S.5.	Computational Thinkers: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models, and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.b.	Collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decision-making.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE- S.5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.
		Indiana Academic Standards

Mathematics Grade 5 - Adopted: 2023

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Mathematics Process Standards
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.1:	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.2:	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.3:	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.4:	Model with mathematics.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.5:	Use appropriate tools strategically.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.7:	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5 Mathematics
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Measurement – Learning Outcome: Students investigate the volume of rectangular prisms and solve real-world problems through the development and application of area formulas for rectangles, triangles, parallelograms, and trapezoids. Students investigate and convert measurements within the Customary and metric measurement systems.
INDICATOR / STANDARD	5.M.4.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths or multiplying the height by the area of the base. (E)
INDICATOR / STANDARD	5.M.5.	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ for right rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths to solve real-world problems and other mathematical problems. (E)
		Indiana Academic Standards Mathematics Grade 6 - Adopted: 2023
STANDARD / STRAND		Mathematics Process Standards
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.1:	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.2:	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.3:	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.4:	Model with mathematics.

PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.5:	Use appropriate tools strategically.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.7:	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 6 Mathematics
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Geometry and Measurement – Learning Outcome: Students find areas of complex shapes and find volumes of rectangular prisms.

Indiana Academic Standards Mathematics

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2023

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Mathematics Process Standards
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.1:	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.2:	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.3:	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.4:	Model with mathematics.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.5:	Use appropriate tools strategically.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.7:	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 7 Mathematics
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Geometry and Measurement – Learning Outcome: Students use scale drawings, the area and circumference of circles, and the volume of cylinders and other three-dimensional solids to solve real-world problems.

7.GM.3. Solve real-world and other mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders and three-dimensional objects composed of right rectangular prisms. (E)

Indiana Academic Standards Mathematics

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Mathematics Process Standards
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.1:	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.2:	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.3:	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.4:	Model with mathematics.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.5:	Use appropriate tools strategically.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.7:	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 8 Mathematics
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Geometry and Measurement – Learning Outcome: Students explore transformations in the coordinate plane and are also expected to understand and explain the Pythagorean Theorem, its converse, and to use this relationship to solve problems and find distance on the coordinate plane.
INDICATOR / STANDARD	8.GM.2.	Solve real-world and other mathematical problems involving volume of cones, spheres, and pyramids and surface area of spheres. (E)
		Indiana Academic Standards
		Science Grade 5 - Adopted: 2023
STANDARD / STRAND		Science and Engineering Practices
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.2.	Developing and using models
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.6.	Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)

PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND

STATEMENT /

SUBSTRAND

ET S1-1.

STANDARD / STRAND Grade 5 PROFICIENCY SUBSTRAND 3-5-ET S1-1. Engineering Design INDICATOR / 3-5 Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and

INDICATOR /3-5-Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success andSTANDARDETS1-1.constraints on materials, time, or cost.

STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	3-5- ET S1-2.	Engineering Design

INDICATOR /3-5-Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteriaSTANDARDETS1-2.and constraints of the problem.

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	3-5- ET S1-3.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Indiana Academic Standards

Science

	Grade 6 - Adopted: 2023	
ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Science and Engineering Practices
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.2.	Developing and using models
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.6.	Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.8.	Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 6
PROFICIENCY	MS-	Engineering Design

INDICATOR /MS-Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, takingSTANDARDETS1-1.into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit
possible solutions.

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Grade 6
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ETS1-2.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD /		
		Grade 6
STRAND PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ET S1-4.	Grade 6 Engineering Design

Indiana Academic Standards

Science

Grade 7	 Adopted: 	2023
---------	------------------------------	------

STANDARD / STRAND		Science and Engineering Practices
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.2.	Developing and using models
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.6.	Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT /	SEP.8.	Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

SUBSTRAND

STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 7
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ETS1-1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Grade 7
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ETS1-2.	Engineering Design

possible solutions.

INDICATOR /MS-Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria andSTANDARDETS1-2.constraints of the problem.

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Grade 7
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ETS1-4.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR /	MS-	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such

STANDARD ETS1-4. that an optimal design can be achieved.

Indiana Academic Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2023

ST ANDARD / ST RAND		Science and Engineering Practices
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.2.	Developing and using models
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.6.	Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.8.	Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information

STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 8
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ESS3-4.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 8
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ETS1-1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 8
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ET S1-2.	Engineering Design

INDICATOR /MS-Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria andSTANDARDETS1-2.constraints of the problem.

STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 8
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS- ETS1-4.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR /	MS-	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such

STANDARD ETS1-4. that an optimal design can be achieved.

Indiana Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2023

STANDARD / STRAND	Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Data & Information
INDICATOR / STANDARD	Learning Outcome: Students select aspects and portions of data to be transformed, clustered, and categorized to provide views and insights about the data.

EXPECTATION / 3-5.DI.1. Decompose problems and subproblems into parts as a means to solving complex problems. (E) INDICATOR

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Computing Devices & Systems
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students identify similarities between computing systems to troubleshoot common problems and choose appropriate combinations of hardware and software to accomplish desired tasks.
EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	3-5.CD.2.	Determine potential solutions to solve simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies. (E)

STANDARD / STRAND	Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Programs & Algorithms
INDICATOR / STANDARD	Learning Outcome: Students collaboratively engage in computer program development with consideration of documenting design choices and giving appropriate attributions.

EXPECTATION / 3-5.PA.1. Collaborate with peers to implement problem-solving steps to create a variety of programming solutions. (E) INDICATOR

Indiana Academic Standards Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2023
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Data & Information
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students identify and implement multiple means of representing complex algorithms to communicate how applications store data as a representation understandable by people.
EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	6-8.DI.1.	Decompose (i.e., break down) problems into smaller, more manageable subsets by applying the algorithmic problem solving steps to make the possible solutions easier to follow, test, and debug. (E)

EXPECTATION / 6-8.DI.4. Create visuals such as flowcharts, diagrams, and pseudocode to represent complex problems as algorithms. (E) INDICATOR

STANDARD / STRAND	Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Computing Devices & Systems
INDICATOR / STANDARD	Learning Outcome: Students explain trade-offs, functionality, and accessibility of computer systems to improve the human-computer interaction.

EXPECTATION / 6-8.CD.1. Design projects that combine hardware and software components to collect and exchange data. (E) INDICATOR

EXPECTATION /	6-8.CD.2.	Systematically identify and fix problems (i.e., troubleshoot) with computing devices and their components (e.g.,
INDICATOR		checklist, decision tree, flowchart).

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Impact & Culture
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students explain that society is faced with trade-offs due to the increasing globalization and automation that computing brings, as well as describe these trade-offs using multiple viewpoints from a diverse audience.
EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	6-8.IC.3.	Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact.

Indiana Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2023

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Data & Information
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students identify and implement multiple means of representing complex algorithms to communicate how applications store data as a representation understandable by people.
EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	6-8.DI.1.	Decompose (i.e., break down) problems into smaller, more manageable subsets by applying the algorithmic problem solving steps to make the possible solutions easier to follow, test, and debug. (E)
EXPECTATION /	6-8.DI.4.	Create visuals such as flowcharts, diagrams, and pseudocode to represent complex problems as algorithms. (E)

INDICATOR

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Computing Devices & Systems
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students explain trade-offs, functionality, and accessibility of computer systems to improve the human-computer interaction.
EXPECTATION /	6-8 CD 1	Design projects that combine hardware and software components to collect and exchange data (E)

EXPECTATION / 6-8.CD.1. Design projects that combine hardware and software components to collect and exchange data. (E) INDICATOR

EXPECTATION /6-8.CD.2.Systematically identify and fix problems (i.e., troubleshoot) with computing devices and their components (e.g.,INDICATORchecklist, decision tree, flowchart).

ST ANDARD / ST RAND	Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Impact & Culture
INDICATOR / STANDARD	Learning Outcome: Students explain that society is faced with trade-offs due to the increasing globalization and automation that computing brings, as well as describe these trade-offs using multiple viewpoints from a diverse audience.

EXPECTATION /6-8.IC.3.Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a
computational artifact.

Indiana Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2023

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Data & Information
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students identify and implement multiple means of representing complex algorithms to communicate how applications store data as a representation understandable by people.
EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	6-8.DI.1.	Decompose (i.e., break down) problems into smaller, more manageable subsets by applying the algorithmic problem solving steps to make the possible solutions easier to follow, test, and debug. (E)
EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	6-8.DI.4.	Create visuals such as flowcharts, diagrams, and pseudocode to represent complex problems as algorithms. (E)

STANDARD / STRAND	Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Computing Devices & Systems
INDICATOR / STANDARD	Learning Outcome: Students explain trade-offs, functionality, and accessibility of computer systems to improve the human-computer interaction.

EXPECTATION / 6-8.CD.1. Design projects that combine hardware and software components to collect and exchange data. (E) INDICATOR

EXPECTATION /6-8.CD.2.Systematically identify and fix problems (i.e., troubleshoot) with computing devices and their components (e.g.,INDICATORchecklist, decision tree, flowchart).

ST ANDARD / ST RAND	Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Impact & Culture
INDICATOR / STANDARD	Learning Outcome: Students explain that society is faced with trade-offs due to the increasing globalization and automation that computing brings, as well as describe these trade-offs using multiple viewpoints from a diverse audience.

EXPECTATION /6-8.IC.3.Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a
computational artifact.

Iowa Student Standards Mathematics Grade 5 - Adopted: 2012

STRAND / COURSE		Mathematical Practices
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	4	Model with mathematics.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5	Use appropriate tools strategically.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	7	Look for and make use of structure.
STRAND / COURSE	5.MD.	Measurement and Data 5.MD
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition. (5.MD.C)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	5.MD.C.4	Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units. (5.MD.C.4) (DOK 1,2)
STRAND / COURSE	5.MD.	Measurement and Data 5.MD

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition. (5.MD.C)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	5.MD.C. 5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	5.MD.C.5 .a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	5.MD.C.5 .b.	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = b \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.

Iowa Student Standards Mathematics Grade 6 - Adopted: 2012

STRAND / COURSE		Mathematical Practices
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	4	Model with mathematics.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5	Use appropriate tools strategically.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	7	Look for and make use of structure.

STRAND / COURSE	6.G.	Geometry 6.G
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	6.G.A.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume. (6.G.A)

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR

6.G.A.2. Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas V = I w h and V = b h to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems. (6.G.A.2) (DOK 1,2)

lowa Student Standards Mathematics

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2012

		Graue / - Aubpieu. 2012
STRAND / COURSE		Mathematical Practices
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	4	Model with mathematics.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5	Use appropriate tools strategically.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	7	Look for and make use of structure.
		Laure Otania est Otana landa
		Iowa Student Standards Mathematics
		Grade 8 - Adopted: 2012
STRAND / COURSE		Mathematical Practices
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	4	Model with mathematics.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5	Use appropriate tools strategically.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT	7	Look for and make use of structure.

AND/OR SKILL

STRAND / COURSE	8.G.	Geometry 8.G
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	8.G.C.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres. (8.G.C)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	8.G.C.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. (8.G.C.9) (DOK 1,2)

lowa Student Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / COURSE	IA.3-5- ET S1.	Engineering Design
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

lowa Student Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / COURSE	IA.MS- ET S1.	Engineering Design
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

DETAILEDMS-Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process suchDESCRIPTORETS1-4.that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016		
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Key Ideas and Details
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. (RST.6-8.2.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. (RST.6-8.3.)
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Craft and Structure
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics. (RST.6-8.4.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic. (RST.6-8.5.)
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic. (RST.6-8.9.)
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. (RST.6-8.10.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Text Types and Purposes
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

GRADE LEVELWHST.6-Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. (WHST.6-8.2.)EXPECTATION8.2.d.

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Production and Distribution of Writing
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (WHST.6-8.4.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. (WHST.6-8.6.)

Iowa Student Standards Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / COURSE	IA.MS- ET S1.	Engineering Design
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Key Ideas and Details
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. (RST.6-8.2.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. (RST.6-8.3.)
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Craft and Structure
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics. (RST.6-8.4.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic. (RST.6-8.5.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

DETAILEDRST.6-Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with thatDESCRIPTOR8.9.gained from reading a text on the same topic. (RST.6-8.9.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. (RST.6-8.10.)

	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Text Types and Purposes
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

GRADE LEVELWHST.6-Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. (WHST.6-8.2.)EXPECTATION8.2.d.

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Production and Distribution of Writing
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (WHST.6-8.4.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. (WHST.6-8.6.)

Iowa Student Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2015		
STRAND / COURSE	IA.MS- PS4.	Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS-PS4- 3.	Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.
STRAND / COURSE	IA.MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
STRAND / COURSE	IA.MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
DETAILED	MS-	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such

ETS1-4. that an optimal design can be achieved.

AND/OR SKILL

DESCRIPTOR

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016			
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Key Ideas and Details	
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. (RST.6-8.2.)	
	DSTG	Follow provisely a multistan procedure when corrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical	

DETAILED	RST.6-	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical
DESCRIPTOR	8.3.	tasks. (RST.6-8.3.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Craft and Structure
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics. (RST.6-8.4.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic. (RST.6-8.5.)
STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

DETAILEDRST.6-Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with thatDESCRIPTOR8.9.gained from reading a text on the same topic. (RST.6-8.9.)

	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

DETAILEDRST.6-By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity bandDESCRIPTOR8.10.independently and proficiently. (RST.6-8.10.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Text Types and Purposes
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR		Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

GRADE LEVELWHST.6-Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. (WHST.6-8.2.)EXPECTATION8.2.d.

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Production and Distribution of Writing
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (WHST.6-8.4.)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. (WHST.6-8.6.)

Iowa Student Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2018

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.1 B.	Level 1B (Ages 8-11)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	1B-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Program Development
EXAMPLE	1B-AP- 13.	Use an iterative process to plan the development of a program by including others" perspectives and considering user preferences. (P1.1, P5.1)
EXAMPLE	1B-AP- 16.	Take on varying roles, with teacher guidance, when collaborating with peers during the design, implementation, and review stages of program development. (P2.2)
EXAMPLE	1B-AP- 17.	Describe choices made during program development using code comments, presentations, and demonstrations. (P7.2)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.1 B.	Level 1B (Ages 8-11)
DET AILED DESCRIPTOR	1B-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Culture
EXAMPLE	1B-IC-19.	Brainstorm ways to improve the accessibility and usability of technology products for the diverse needs and wants of users. (P1.2)
STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.1 B.	Level 1B (Ages 8-11)
DET AILED DESCRIPTOR	1B-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Social Interactions
EXAMPLE	1B-IC-20.	Seek diverse perspectives for the purpose of improving computational artifacts. (P1.1)
		lowa Student Standards Technology Education Grade 6 - Adopted: 2018
STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL	CST A.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Algorithms

EXAMPLE 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. (P4.4, P4.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPTOR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Modularity
EXAMPLE	2-AP-13.	Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs. (P3.2)
STRAND /		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Program Development

EXAMPLE

2-AP-15. Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution that meets user needs. (P2.3, P1.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPTOR	2-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Social Interactions
EXAMPLE	2-IC-22.	Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a

EXAMPLE

Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact. (P2.4, P5.2)

Iowa Student Standards Technology Education Grade 7 - Adopted: 2018

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Algorithms

EXAMPLE 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. (P4.4, P4.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPTOR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Modularity
EXAMPLE	2-AP-13.	Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs. (P3.2)
STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPTOR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Program Development

EXAMPLE

2-AP-15. Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution that meets user needs. (P2.3,

P1.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Social Interactions
EXAMPLE	2-IC-22.	Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a

computational artifact. (P2.4, P5.2)

lowa Student Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2018

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Algorithms

EXAMPLE 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. (P4.4, P4.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Modularity
EXAMPLE	2-AP-13.	Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs. (P3.2)
STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Program Development

EXAMPLE

2-AP-15. Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution that meets user needs. (P2.3, P1.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DET AILED DESCRIPT OR	2-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Social Interactions
EXAMPLE	2-IC-22.	Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a

Kansas Academic Standards

Mathematics

computational artifact. (P2.4, P5.2)

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017

STANDARD	MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
BENCHMARK	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
BENCHMARK		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	5.MD.4.	Measure volumes by counting unit cubes such as cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft. or nonstandard cubic units.

STANDARD	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
BENCHMARK		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	5.MD.5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.
INDICATOR	5.MD.5a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent three-dimensional whole-number products as volumes, (e.g. to represent the associative property of multiplication.)
INDICATOR	5.MD.5b.	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ (B represents the area of the base) for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.

Kansas Academic Standards Mathematics Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017

STANDARD	MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
BENCHMARK	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STANDARD	6.G.	Geometry
BENCHMARK		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	6.G.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by applying the formulas $V = lwh$ and $V = Bh$ (B is the area of the base and h is the height) to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems. (Builds on the 5th grade concept of packing unit cubes to find the volume of a rectangular prism with whole number edge lengths.)

Kansas Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 7 -	Adopted: 201	L7
-----------	--------------	----

STANDARD	MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
BENCHMARK	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.

BENCHMARK	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STANDARD	7.G.	Geometry
BENCHMARK		Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	7.G.5.	Investigate the relationship between three-dimensional geometric shapes;

INDICATOR 7

7.G.5a. Generalize the volume formula for prisms and cylinders (V = Bh where B is the base and h is the height).

Kansas Academic Standards Mathematics

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2017

STANDARD	MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
BENCHMARK	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
BENCHMARK	MP.8.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

Kansas Academic Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2013

STANDARD	KS.3-5- ET S.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
BENCHMARK	3-5- ET S1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
INDICATOR	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
INDICATOR	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Kansas Academic Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2013

STANDARD	KS.MS- ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR MS- Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STANDARD	KS.MS- ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
BENCHMARK	MS- ET S1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
INDICATOR	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
INDICATOR	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010
STANDARD	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

INDICATOR /RST.6-Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technicalPROFICIENCY8.3.tasks.LEVEL

	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.

INDICATOR / RST.6-Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and PROFICIENCY 8.5. to an understanding of the topic. LEVEL

	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

LEVEL

	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

LEVEL

STANDARD	KS.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STANDARD	KS.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

LEVEL

Kansas Academic Standards Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2013

STANDARD	KS.MS- ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR

MS-Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumptionESS3-4.of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STANDARD	KS.MS- ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
BENCHMARK	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
INDICATOR	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
INDICATOR	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010
STANDARD	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
STANDARD	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STANDARD	KS.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

BENCHMARK Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	

RST.6-By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band INDICATOR / independently and proficiently. PROFICIENCY 8.10. LEVEL

KS.WHST Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects .6-8. STANDARD **Text Types and Purposes** BENCHMARK INDICATOR / WHST.6 Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ PROFICIENCY -8.2. experiments, or technical processes. LEVEL INDICATOR

WHST.6- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. 8.2(d)

ST ANDARD	KS.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Kansas Academic Standards Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2013

STANDARD	KS.MS- ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR

MS-Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STANDARD	KS.MS- ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
BENCHMARK	MS- ET S1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

	ment that may limit
INDICATOR MS- Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they mee ETS1-2. constraints of the problem.	t the criteria and
INDICATOR MS- Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, too ETS1-4. that an optimal design can be achieved.	l, or process such
Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010	
STANDARD KS.RST.6 Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects -8.	
BENCHMARK Key Ideas and Details	
INDICATOR / RST.6- PROFICIENCY 8.2. LEVEL Knowledge or opinions.	nct from prior
INDICATOR / RST.6- Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or p PROFICIENCY 8.3. tasks. LEVEL	erforming technical
STANDARD KS.RST.6 Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects -8.	
BENCHMARK Craft and Structure	
INDICATOR / RST.6- PROFICIENCY 8.4. LEVEL Specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.	hey are used in a
INDICATOR / RST.6- Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to an understanding of the topic. LEVEL	e to the whole and
STANDARD KS.RST.6 Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects -8.	
BENCHMARK Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
INDICATOR / RST.6- Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia PROFICIENCY 8.9. gained from reading a text on the same topic. LEVEL EVEL EVEL	sources with that
STANDARD KS.RST.6 Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects -8.	
BENCHMARK Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	
BENCHMARK Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	
BENCHMARK Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity INDICATOR / RST.6- By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity PROFICIENCY 8.10. INDICATOR / By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity LEVEL Independently and proficiently.	lexity band

BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STANDARD	KS.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

LEVEL

Kansas Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019

STANDARD	Computer Science Standards – Grade 5
BENCHMARK	Algorithms and Programming
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Modularity

INDICATOR

2.

5.AP.M.0 With grade appropriate complexity, modify, remix, or incorporate portions of an existing program into one's own work, to develop something new or add more advanced features.

STANDARD		Computer Science Standards – Grade 5
BENCHMARK		Algorithms and Programming
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Program Development
INDICATOR	5.AP.PD.	Take on varying roles collaborating with peers to give feedback at different stages of program development,

5.AP.PD. Take on varying roles collaborating with peers to give feedback at different stages of program development, 04. including design and implementation.

Kansas Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019

STANDARD	Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades
BENCHMARK	Algorithms and Programing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Program Development

INDICATOR

MG.AP.P Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution to a problem that meets the D.01. needs of diverse users.

STANDARD	Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades
BENCHMARK	Impacts of Computing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Community Partnerships

INDICATOR

MG.IC.C Formulate a computer-science based solution for a problem or issue by gathering input from local / regional industry P.01. members.

Kansas Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 7 - Adopted: 2019

STANDARD		Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades
BENCHMARK		Algorithms and Programing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Program Development
INDICATOR	MG.AP.P D.01.	Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution to a problem that meets the needs of diverse users.
STANDARD		Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades

BENCHMARK	Impacts of Computing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Community Partnerships

 INDICATOR
 MG.IC.C
 Formulate a computer-science based solution for a problem or issue by gathering input from local / regional industry

 P.01.
 members.

Kansas Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2019

STANDARD	Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades
BENCHMARK	Algorithms and Programing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Program Development

 INDICATOR
 MG.AP.P
 Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution to a problem that meets the D.01.

 needs of diverse users.
 needs of diverse users.

STANDARD	Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades
BENCHMARK	Impacts of Computing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Community Partnerships

INDICATOR MG.IC.C Formulate a computer-science based solution for a problem or issue by gathering input from local / regional industry P.01. members.

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practices
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STRAND	Measurement and Data
CATEGORY/ GOAL	Cluster: Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.

STANDARD / KY.5.MD. Measure volumes by counting unit cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft. and improvised units. (MP.5, MP.6) ORGANIZER 4.

solving real world and mathematical problems.

5.b.

STRAND		Measurement and Data
CATEGORY/ GOAL		Cluster: Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER	KY.5.MD .5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume. (MP.1, MP.4, MP.8)
EXPECTATION	KY.5.MD. 5.a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes.
EXPECTATION	KY.5.MD.	Apply the formulas V=I×w×h and V=B×h for rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of

Kentucky Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practices
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CATEGORY /	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

GOAL

 LOOK	101	ana	mane	000	0.	ouaotai	۰.

STRAND		Geometry
CATEGORY/ GOAL		Cluster: Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area and volume.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	KY.6.G.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with rational number edge lengths. Apply the formulas V=lwh and V=Bh to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with rational number edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems. (MP.2, MP.5, MP.6)

Kentucky Academic Standards Mathematics

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practices
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
		Kentucky Academic Standards Mathematics Grade 8 - Adopted: 2019
STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practices
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.8.	Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

STRAND		Geometry
CATEGORY / GOAL		Cluster: Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones and spheres.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	KY.8.G.9.	Apply the formulas for the volumes and surface areas of cones, cylinders and spheres and use them to solve real- world and mathematical problems. (MP.1, MP.7, MP.8)

Kentucky Academic Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022

STRAND		3-5 Engineering Design
CATEGORY / GOAL	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
CATEGORY / GOAL	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
CATEGORY / GOAL	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Kentucky Academic Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022

STRAND		6-8 Engineering Design
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

CATEGORY / MS-GOAL ETS1-4.

Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Kentucky Academic Standards Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2022

STRAND		6-8 Engineering Design
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Kentucky Academic Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2022

STRAND		Eighth Grade
CATEGORY / GOAL	8-ESS3- 4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
STRAND		6-8 Engineering Design
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
CATEGORY / GOAL	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Kentucky Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2018

STRAND		Kentucky Academic Standards (KAS) for Computer Science
CATEGORY GOAL	I	Algorithms and Programming
ST ANDARD ORG ANIZER		Create, follow, compare and refine algorithms for a task. Algorithms (step-by-step instructions) are common in many primary classrooms. Just as people use algorithms to complete daily routines, they can program computers to use algorithms to complete different tasks. Algorithms are commonly implemented using a precise language that computers can interpret. Different algorithms can be used to perform the same task. While the end results may be similar, the paths may be different. Students should be able to look at different ways to solve the same task and decide which would be the best solution. Algorithms can be expressed in non-computer languages, including natural language, flowcharts, and pseudocode.
EXPECTATI	ON	Algorithms

Modify a set of algorithms and discuss how multiple paths can lead to the same solution.

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND	Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL	Big Idea: Information, Communication and Productivity – Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operations of technology systems. Students use technology to learn, to communicate, increase productivity and become competent users of technology. Students manage and create effective oral, written and multimedia communication in a variety of forms and contexts.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER	Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION I.BI1.AE.6 Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.

.1.

E-AP-

01.5.

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY <i>I</i> GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations
EXPECTATION	I.BI3.AE.5 .5.	Students use problem-solving processes to develop solutions to relatively complex problems.

EXPECTATION	I.B
	.1.

I.BI3.AE.6 Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER		Intermediate Enduring Knowledge – Understandings
EXPECTATION	I.BI3.EK.1.	Technology assists in gathering, organizing and evaluating information from a variety of sources to answer essential questions.
EXPECTATION	I.BI3.EK.2.	Technology supports critical thinking skills used in inquiry/problem solving to make informed decisions.
EXPECTATION	I.BI3.EK.3.	Technology is used to produce an innovative product or system.
STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER		Intermediate Skills and Concepts – Inquiry/Problem-solving

EXPECTATION I.BI3.SC2. Use technology to solve problems using critical thinking and problem-solving strategies. 2.

I.BI3.SC2. Solve content-specific problems using a combination of technologies.

STRAND	Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY/ GOAL	Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER	Intermediate Skills and Concepts – Innovation

EXPECTATION I.BI3.SC3. Use technology to organize and develop creative solutions, ideas or product.

1.

3.

Kentucky Academic Standards Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND	Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL	Big Idea: Information, Communication and Productivity – Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operations of technology systems. Students use technology to learn, to communicate, increase productivity and become competent users of technology. Students manage and create effective oral, written and multimedia communication in a variety of forms and contexts.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER	Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION

M.BI1.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.
 6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.AE. 5.5.	Students use problem-solving processes to develop solutions to relatively complex problems.

EXPECTATION M.BI3.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas. 6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Middle Enduring Knowledge – Understandings
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.EK. 2.	Technology supports critical thinking skills used in inquiry/problem solving to make informed decisions.
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.EK.	Technology is used to analyze real world data through inquiry/problem solving in order to produce results.

EXPECTATION

M.BI3.EK. Technology problem solving strategies is applied to innovative design for authentic, creative and real-world applications.

STRAND	Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL	Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	Middle Skills and Concepts – Inquiry/Problem-solving

EXPECTATION

M.BI3.SC Use appropriate technology and strategies to solve content-specific problems in the real-world.

2.1.

5.

Kentucky Academic Standards Technology Education

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND	Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL	Big Idea: Information, Communication and Productivity – Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operations of technology systems. Students use technology to learn, to communicate, increase productivity and become competent users of technology. Students manage and create effective oral, written and multimedia communication in a variety of forms and contexts.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER	Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION

M.BI1.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas. 6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.AE. 5.5.	Students use problem-solving processes to develop solutions to relatively complex problems.

EXPECTATION M.BI3.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas. 6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Middle Enduring Knowledge – Understandings
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.EK. 2.	Technology supports critical thinking skills used in inquiry/problem solving to make informed decisions.
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.EK.	Technology is used to analyze real world data through inquiry/problem solving in order to produce results.

EXPECTATION

M.BI3.EK. Technology problem solving strategies is applied to innovative design for authentic, creative and real-world applications.

STRAND	Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL	Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	Middle Skills and Concepts – Inquiry/Problem-solving

EXPECTATION

2.1.

5.

M.BI3.SC Use appropriate technology and strategies to solve content-specific problems in the real-world.

Kentucky Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND	Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL	Big Idea: Information, Communication and Productivity – Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operations of technology systems. Students use technology to learn, to communicate, increase productivity and become competent users of technology. Students manage and create effective oral, written and multimedia communication in a variety of forms and contexts.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION

M.BI1.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas. 6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY <i>I</i> GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.AE. 5.5.	Students use problem-solving processes to develop solutions to relatively complex problems.

EXPECTATION M.BI3.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas. 6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Middle Enduring Knowledge – Understandings
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.EK. 2.	Technology supports critical thinking skills used in inquiry/problem solving to make informed decisions.
EXPECTATION	M.BI3.EK.	Technology is used to analyze real world data through inquiry/problem solving in order to produce results.

EXPECTATION

5.

M.BI3.EK. Technology problem solving strategies is applied to innovative design for authentic, creative and real-world applications.

STRAND	Technology – Middle
CATEGORY/ GOAL	Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
ST ANDARD / ORGANIZER	Middle Skills and Concepts – Inquiry/Problem-solving

EXPECTATION M.BI3.SC Use appropriate technology and strategies to solve content-specific problems in the real-world. 2.1.

Louisiana Academic Standards Mathematics Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016/Updated 2017

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practice
TITLE	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
TITLE	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
TITLE	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
TITLE	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
TITLE	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
TITLE	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STRAND	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
TITLE	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
PERFORMANC	5.MD.C.4	Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units.

Е

EXPECTATION

STRAND	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
TITLE	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	5.MD.C. 5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume.
INDICATOR	5.MD.C.5 .a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
INDICATOR	5.MD.C.5 .b.	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Louisiana Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016/Updated 2017

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practice
TITLE	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
TITLE	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
TITLE	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
TITLE	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
TITLE	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
TITLE	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STRAND	6.G.	Geometry
TITLE	6.G.A.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	6.G.A.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas V = Iwh and V = Bh to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Louisiana Academic Standards Mathematics

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practice
TITLE	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
TITLE	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
TITLE	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
TITLE	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
TITLE	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
TITLE	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

Louisiana Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016/Updated 2017

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practice
TITLE	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

TITLE	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
TITLE	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
TITLE	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
TITLE	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
TITLE	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STRAND	8.G.	Geometry
TITLE	8.G.C.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	8.G.C.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

Louisiana Academic Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017

STRAND	LA.SC.6.	Science – Grade 6
TITLE	6-MS- ESS1.	EARTH'S PLACE IN THE UNIVERSE
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	6-MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

Louisiana Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2008

STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		PreK-12 Educational Technology Content Standards
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	ET.4.	Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, and Decision Making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.

STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		Performance Indicators for Grades 3-5
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	ET.E.	Identify and investigate a world issue and generate a possible solution using digital tools and resources. (3, 4)

Louisiana Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 6 - Adopted: 2008

 STRAND
 LA.ET.
 Educational Technology

 TITLE
 PreK-12 Educational Technology Content Standards

PERFORMANC	ET.4.	Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, and Decision Making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct
E		research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and
EXPECTATION		resources.

Louisiana Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 7 - Adopted: 2008

STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		PreK-12 Educational Technology Content Standards
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	ET.4.	Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, and Decision Making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.

Louisiana Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2008

STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		PreK-12 Educational Technology Content Standards
PERFORMANC E EXPECTATION	ET.4.	Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, and Decision Making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.

Maine Learning Results Mathematics Grade 5 - Adopted: 2020/Implemented 2020

STRAND / DOMAIN		Standards for Mathematical Practice
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them: Students will plan strategies to use and persevere in solving math problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively: Students will think about numbers in many ways and make sense of numerical relationships as they solve problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others: Students will explain their thinking and make sense of the thinking of others.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP4.	Model with mathematics: Students will use representations to show their thinking in a variety of ways.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP5.	Use appropriate tools strategically: Students will use math tools such as tables, diagrams, and technology to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP7.	Look for and make use of structure: Students will use their current mathematical understandings to identify patterns and structure to make sense of new learning.
STRAND / DOMAIN		Statistical Reasoning – Measurement & Data
---	--------	--
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	SR.C.7	Understand concepts of Geometric measurement: involving perimeter, area, and volume.

STANDARD 5.MD.C.4 Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and non-standard units.

STRAND / DOMAIN		Statistical Reasoning – Measurement & Data
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	SR.C.7	Understand concepts of Geometric measurement: involving perimeter, area, and volume.
STANDARD	5.MD.C. 5:	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume. When finding volumes of objects answers will be in cubic units.
EXPECTATION	5.MD.C.5 a:	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole -number edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
EXPECTATION	5.MD.C.5 b:	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ (where B stands for the area of the base) for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.
		Maine Learning Results Mathematics Grade 6 - Adopted: 2020/Implemented 2020
STRAND / DOMAIN		Standards for Mathematical Practice
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them: Students will plan strategies to use and persevere in solving math problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively: Students will think about numbers in many ways and make sense of numerical relationships as they solve problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others: Students will explain their thinking and make sense of the thinking of others.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP4.	Model with mathematics: Students will use representations to show their thinking in a variety of ways.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP5.	Use appropriate tools strategically: Students will use math tools such as tables, diagrams, and technology to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP7.	Look for and make use of structure: Students will use their current mathematical understandings to identify patterns and structure to make sense of new learning.

STRAND / DOMAIN		Geometric Reasoning – Geometry
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	GR.EA.1	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.
STANDARD	6.G.A.2:	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = I w h$ and $V = B h$ (where B stands for the area of the base) to find

Maine Learning Results

volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical

Mathematics Grade 7 - Adopted: 2020/Implemented 2020

problems.

STRAND / DOMAIN		Standards for Mathematical Practice
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them: Students will plan strategies to use and persevere in solving math problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively: Students will think about numbers in many ways and make sense of numerical relationships as they solve problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others: Students will explain their thinking and make sense of the thinking of others.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP4.	Model with mathematics: Students will use representations to show their thinking in a variety of ways.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP5.	Use appropriate tools strategically: Students will use math tools such as tables, diagrams, and technology to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP7.	Look for and make use of structure: Students will use their current mathematical understandings to identify patterns and structure to make sense of new learning.

Maine Learning Results Mathematics Grade 8 - Adopted: 2020/Implemented 2020

STRAND / DOMAIN		Standards for Mathematical Practice
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them: Students will plan strategies to use and persevere in solving math problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively: Students will think about numbers in many ways and make sense of numerical relationships as they solve problems.

CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others: Students will explain their thinking and make sense of the thinking of others.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP4.	Model with mathematics: Students will use representations to show their thinking in a variety of ways.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP5.	Use appropriate tools strategically: Students will use math tools such as tables, diagrams, and technology to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MP7.	Look for and make use of structure: Students will use their current mathematical understandings to identify patterns and structure to make sense of new learning.
STRAND / DOMAIN		Geometric Reasoning – Geometry
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	GR.EA.1	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.
STANDARD	8.G.C.9:	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.
		Maine Learning Results
		Science
		Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019
STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.3- 5-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	3-5- ET S1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
EXPECTATION	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
EXPECTATION	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

EXPECTATION	3-5-	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of
	ETS1-3.	a model or prototype that can be improved.

Maine Learning Results

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS -ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

EXPECTATION

MS- Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS -ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Maine Learning Results

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2019

CATEGORY / MS- Earth and Human Activity PERFORMANC ESS3. E INDICATOR	
STANDARD Students who demonstrate understanding can:	

EXPECTATION MS- Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS -ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Maine Learning Results Science Grade 8 - Adopted: 2019

	NGSS.MS -ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

EXPECTATION MS-

.

MS- Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS -ETS.	
CATEGORY / PERFORMANC E INDICATOR	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
EXPECTATION	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Grade 5 Math
TOPIC / INDICATOR	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.

OBJECTIVE 5.MD.C.4 Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Grade 5 Math
TOPIC / INDICATOR	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
OBJECTIVE	5.MD.C. 5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition, and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume

EXPECTATION	5.MD.C.5	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole- number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show
	a.	that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height
		by the area of the base. Represent three-fold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative
		property of multiplication

EXPECTATION	5.MD.C.5	Apply the formulas $V = (I)(w)(h)$ and $V = (b)(h)$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with
	b.	whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Grade 6 Math
TOPIC / INDICATOR	6.G.	Geometry
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	6.G.A.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
OBJECTIVE	6.G.A.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the

appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas V = lwh and V = Bh to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Mathematics

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Grade 8 Math
TOPIC / INDICATOR	8.G.	Geometry
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	8.G.C.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres
OBJECTIVE	8.G.C.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2013

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.3- 5-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
TOPIC / INDICATOR	3-5- ET S1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
OBJECTIVE	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

OBJECTIVE	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
OBJECTIVE	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2013

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS -ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE

MS- Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS -ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS- ET S1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2013

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS -ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE MS- Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption ESS3-4. of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS -ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS- ET S1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2013

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS -ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS- ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
	MC	

OBJECTIVE	MS-	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption
	ESS3-4.	of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS -ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS- ETS1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
OBJECTIVE	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards Technology Education Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.
OBJECTIVE	Explain how the design process is an iterative, systematic approach to problem solving that includes collaboratively:
EXPECTATION	Defining a problem – students will be able to employ technical reading and writing skills to develop concise problem statement.
EXPECTATION	Selecting an Approach – students will be able to employ a decision matrix to select the best approach to solve the problem.
EXPECTATION	Testing and Evaluating Design Using Specifications – students will be able to use establish specifications to assess their design product.
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.
OBJECTIVE	Discriminate between ethical and unethical engineering practices.
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Agricultural Technologies
EXPECTATION	Design, develop, use, manage, maintain, and assess a closed system that supports living organisms (e.g. terrarium, hydroponics station).
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
	Ristochaslagy
OBJECTIVE	Biotechnology
EXPECTATION	Explore applications of biotechnology.
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Energy and Power Technologies
EXPECTATION	 Design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes energy transfer (MS-PS3-3).
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Five: Computational Thinking and Computer Science Applications – Students will be able to apply computational thinking skills and computer science applications as tools to develop solutions to engineering problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Select and use appropriate tools and technology resources to accomplish a variety of tasks and solve problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Use the basic steps in algorithmic problem solving to design solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Implement problem solutions using a programming language.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze how computational thinking and computer programing can be used as tools for problem solving.
	Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards Technology Education
	Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.

OBJECTIVE	Explain how the design process is an iterative, systematic approach to problem solving that includes collaboratively:
EXPECTATION	Defining a problem – students will be able to employ technical reading and writing skills to develop concise problem statement.
EXPECTATION	Selecting an Approach – students will be able to employ a decision matrix to select the best approach to solve the problem.
EXPECTATION	Testing and Evaluating Design Using Specifications – students will be able to use establish specifications to assess their design product.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.

OBJECTIVE

Discriminate between ethical and unethical engineering practices.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Agricultural Technologies

EXPECTATION Design, develop, use, manage, maintain, and assess a closed system that supports living organisms (e.g. terrarium, hydroponics station).

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Biotechnology
EXPECTATION	Explore applications of biotechnology.
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8

TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Energy and Power Technologies
EXPECTATION	Design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes energy transfer (MS-PS3-3).
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Five: Computational Thinking and Computer Science Applications – Students will be able to apply computational thinking skills and computer science applications as tools to develop solutions to engineering problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Select and use appropriate tools and technology resources to accomplish a variety of tasks and solve problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Use the basic steps in algorithmic problem solving to design solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Implement problem solutions using a programming language.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze how computational thinking and computer programing can be used as tools for problem solving.
	Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.

Explain how the design process is an iterative, systematic approach to problem solving that includes

Defining a problem - students will be able to employ technical reading and writing skills to develop concise problem

Selecting an Approach - students will be able to employ a decision matrix to select the best approach to solve the

OBJECTIVE

EXPECTATION

EXPECTATION

collaboratively:

statement.

problem.

EXPECTATION

Testing and Evaluating Design Using Specifications – students will be able to use establish specifications to assess their design product.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.

OBJECTIVE

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY

LEVEL

Discriminate between ethical and unethical engineering practices.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Agricultural Technologies
EXPECTATION	Design, develop, use, manage, maintain, and assess a closed system that supports living organisms (e.g. terrarium, hydroponics station).
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE	Biotechnology
EXPECTATION	Explore applications of biotechnology.
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power,

information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.

Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.

OBJECTIVE	Energy and Power Technologies
EXPECTATION	Design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes energy transfer (MS-PS3-3).
STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR	Standard Five: Computational Thinking and Computer Science Applications – Students will be able to apply computational thinking skills and computer science applications as tools to develop solutions to engineering problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Select and use appropriate tools and technology resources to accomplish a variety of tasks and solve problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Use the basic steps in algorithmic problem solving to design solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Implement problem solutions using a programming language.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	Analyze how computational thinking and computer programing can be used as tools for problem solving.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.MP.	Mathematical Practice
STRAND	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STRAND	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STRAND	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STRAND	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
STRAND	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STRAND	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.5.MD.	Measurement and Data
STRAND	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: Understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
STANDARD /	5.MD.C.4	Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in., cubic ft., and non-standard units.

STANDARD / 5.MD.C.4 Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in., cubic ft., and non-standard units. CONCEPT / .

SKILL

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.5.MD.	Measurement and Data
STRAND	5.MD.C.	Geometric measurement: Understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
ST ANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	5.MD.C. 5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume.
INDICATOR	5.MD.C.5 .a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
INDICATOR	5.MD.C.5 .b.	Apply the formula $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ (where B stands for the area of the base) for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.MP.	Mathematical Practice
STRAND	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STRAND	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STRAND	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STRAND	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
STRAND	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STRAND	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6.G.	Geometry
STRAND	6.G.A.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.G.A.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = lwh$ and $V = bh$ to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks Mathematics Grade 7 - Adopted: 2017

 FOCUS / COURSE
 MA.MP.
 Mathematical Practice

 STRAND
 MP.1.
 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

STRAND	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STRAND	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STRAND	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
STRAND	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STRAND	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Mathematics

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2017

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.MP.	Mathematical Practice
STRAND	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STRAND	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STRAND	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STRAND	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
STRAND	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STRAND	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.8.G.	Geometry
STRAND	8.G.C.	Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	8.G.C.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres, and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.5- ETS.	Grade 5: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ETS3.	Technological Systems
STANDARD /	5.3-5-	Use informational text to provide examples of improvements to existing technologies (innovations) and the
CONCEPT /	ETS3-	development of new technologies (inventions). Recognize that technology is any modification of the natural or
SKILL	1(MA).	designed world done to fulfill human needs or wants.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- ETS.	Grade 6: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ET S1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution. Include potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.MS- ETS1- 6(MA).	Communicate a design solution to an intended user, including design features and limitations of the solution.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- ETS.	Grade 6: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ETS2.	Materials, Tools, and Manufacturing
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.MS- ETS2- 2(MA).	Given a design task, select appropriate materials based on specific properties needed in the construction of a solution.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.MS- ETS2- 3(MA).	Choose and safely use appropriate measuring tools, hand tools, fasteners, and common hand-held power tools used to construct a prototype.
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Key Ideas and Details
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Craft and Structure
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
STANDARD /	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
CONCEPT / SKILL		
	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects

STANDARD /	RST.6-	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that
CONCEPT /	8.9.	gained from reading a text on the same topic.
SKILL		

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
STANDARD / CONCEPT /	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

SKILL

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Text Types and Purposes
ST ANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Production and Distribution of Writing
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL		Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL		Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Science Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.7- ETS.	Grade 7: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ETS1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	7.MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing solutions to a given design problem using a decision matrix to determine how well each meets the criteria and constraints of the problem. Use a model of each solution to evaluate how variations in one or more design features, including size, shape, weight, or cost, may affect the function or effectiveness of the solution.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	7.MS- ETS1-4.	Generate and analyze data from iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process to optimize the object, tool, or process for its intended purpose.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	7.MS- ETS1- 7(MA).	Construct a prototype of a solution to a given design problem.
		Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Key Ideas and Details
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Craft and Structure
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Text Types and Purposes
ST ANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Production and Distribution of Writing

STANDARD /	WHST.6-	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task,
CONCEPT / SKILL	8.4.	purpose, and audience.
SNILL		

STANDARD /WHST.6-Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships betweenCONCEPT /8.6.information and ideas clearly and efficiently.SKILLSKILLSKILL

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Key Ideas and Details
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Craft and Structure
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects

STRAND		Text Types and Purposes
ST ANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Production and Distribution of Writing
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
STANDARD / CONCEPT /	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.3- 5.CT.	Grades 3 – 5: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	3- 5.CT.a.	Abstraction
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	3- 5.CT.a.3.	Make a list of sub-problems to consider, while addressing a larger problem.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.3- 5.CT.	Grades 3 – 5: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	3- 5.CT.b.	Algorithms
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	3- 5.CT.b.1.	Define an algorithm as a sequence of instructions that can be processed by a computer.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	3- 5.CT.b.4.	Individually and collaboratively create an algorithm to solve a problem (e.g., move a character/robot/person through a maze).
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.3- 5.CT.	Grades 3 – 5: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	3- 5.CT.d.	Programming and Development
STANDARD / CONCEPT /	3- 5.CT.d.1.	Individually and collaboratively create, test, and modify a program in a graphical environment (e.g., block-based visual programming language).

SKILL

MA.6- B.CAS.	Grades 6 – 8: Computing and Society (CAS)
6- 8.CAS.c.	Interpersonal and Societal Impact

 STANDARD /
 6 Identify and discuss the technology proficiencies needed in the classroom and the workplace, and how to meet the

 CONCEPT /
 8.CAS.c.2
 needs.

 SKILL
 .
 .

COURSE 8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND 6- 8.CT.	Algorithms

STANDARD /6-Individually and collaboratively decompose a problem and create a sub-solution for each of its parts (e.g., videoCONCEPT /8.CT.b.3.game, robot obstacle course, making dinner).SKILL

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- 8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6- 8.CT.d.	Programming and Development
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.2.	Use functions to hide the detail in a program.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.3.	Create a program, individually and collaboratively, that implements an algorithm to achieve a given goal.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.5.	Trace programs step-by-step in order to predict their behavior.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Technology Education

Grade 7 -	Adopted: 2016
-----------	---------------

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- 8.CAS.	Grades 6 – 8: Computing and Society (CAS)
STRAND	6- 8.CAS.c.	Interpersonal and Societal Impact
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CAS.c.2	Identify and discuss the technology proficiencies needed in the classroom and the workplace, and how to meet the needs.

	MA.6- 8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6- 8.CT.b.	Algorithms

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

STANDARD /6-Individually and collaboratively decompose a problem and create a sub-solution for each of its parts (e.g., videoCONCEPT /8.CT.b.3.game, robot obstacle course, making dinner).SKILL

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- 8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6- 8.CT.d.	Programming and Development
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.2.	Use functions to hide the detail in a program.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.3.	Create a program, individually and collaboratively, that implements an algorithm to achieve a given goal.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.5.	Trace programs step-by-step in order to predict their behavior.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks Technology Education

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- 8.CAS.	Grades 6 – 8: Computing and Society (CAS)
STRAND	6- 8.CAS.c.	Interpersonal and Societal Impact
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CAS.c.2	Identify and discuss the technology proficiencies needed in the classroom and the workplace, and how to meet the needs.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- 8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6- 8.CT.b.	Algorithms
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.b.3.	Individually and collaboratively decompose a problem and create a sub-solution for each of its parts (e.g., video game, robot obstacle course, making dinner).
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6- 8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6- 8.CT.d.	Programming and Development
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.2.	Use functions to hide the detail in a program.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.3.	Create a program, individually and collaboratively, that implements an algorithm to achieve a given goal.

Mathematics Mathematics Grade Key Stage 2 - Adopted: 2012

AREA OF NIR.1. Mathematics and Numeracy LEARNING STRAND 1.1. **Processes in Mathematics** SUBSTRAND / 1.1.1. Making and Monitoring Decisions ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE **STANDARD** Pupils should be enabled to: INDICATOR 1.1.1.1. Take increasing responsibility for selecting and using the materials and the mathematics required for their work. INDICATOR 1.1.1.3. Plan and organise their work, learning to work systematically. INDICATOR 1.1.1.4. Develop a range of strategies for problem solving, looking for ways to overcome difficulties.

AREA OF LEARNING	NIR.1.	Mathematics and Numeracy
STRAND	1.1.	Processes in Mathematics
SUBSTRAND / ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE	1.1.3.	Mathematical Reasoning
STANDARD		Pupils should be enabled to:

INDICATOR 1.1.3.1. Recognise general patterns and relationships and make predictions about them.

AREA OF LEARNING	NIR.1.	Mathematics and Numeracy
STRAND	1.3.	Measures
SUBSTRAND / ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE		Pupils should be enabled to:

STANDARD 1.3.1. Develop skills in estimation of length, 'weight', volume/capacity, time, area and temperature.

Mathematics Mathematics Grade Key Stage 3 - Adopted: 2012

AREA OI LEARNII		NIR.1.	Mathematics and Numeracy: Mathematics with Financial Capability
STRAN	D	1.5.	Learning Outcomes: The Learning Outcomes require the demonstration of skills and application of knowledge and understanding of Mathematics.
SUBST ESSEN KNOWL	TIAL		Pupils should be able to:

STANDARD

1.5.5.

Show deeper mathematical understanding by thinking critically and flexibly, solving problems and making informed decisions, using ICT where appropriate.

Michigan Academic Standards Mathematics Grade 5 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MP .5.	Mathematical Practices
STANDARD	MP.5.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STANDARD	MP.5.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STANDARD	MP.5.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STANDARD	MP.5.4.	Model with mathematics.
STANDARD	MP.5.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STANDARD	MP.5.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MD .5.	Measurement and Data

 GRADE LEVEL
 MD.5.4.
 Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units.

Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to

EXPECTATION

STANDARD

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MD .5.	Measurement and Data
STANDARD		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MD.5.5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.
EXPECTATION	MD.5.5(a)	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
EXPECTATION	MD.5.5(b)	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = b \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.

Michigan Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STANDARD	MP.6.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STANDARD	MP.6.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STANDARD	MP.6.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STANDARD	MP.6.4.	Model with mathematics.
STANDARD	MP.6.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STANDARD	MP.6.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.G. 6.	Geometry
STANDARD		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	G.6.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = I$ w h and $V = b$ h to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with

Michigan Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MP .7.	Mathematical Practices
STANDARD	MP.7.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STANDARD	MP.7.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STANDARD	MP.7.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STANDARD	MP.7.4.	Model with mathematics.
STANDARD	MP.7.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STANDARD	MP.7.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
		Michigan Academic Standards
		Mathematics
		Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MP .8.	Mathematical Practices
STANDARD	MP.8.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

STANDARD	MP.8.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STANDARD	MP.8.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STANDARD	MP.8.4.	Model with mathematics.
STANDARD	MP.8.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STANDARD	MP.8.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.G. 8.	Geometry

GRADE LEVELG.8.9.Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and
mathematical problems.

STANDARD

Michigan Academic Standards

Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2015		
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.5.	Engineering Design
STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	3-5- ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Michigan Academic Standards Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.5.	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation
STANDARD	MS-PS4- 3.	Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.17.	Human Impacts
STANDARD	MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.18.	Engineering Design

STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Key Ideas and Details
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Craft and Structure
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.WHST. 6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Text Types and Purposes

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.WHST. 6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Michigan Academic Standards

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2015

		Glade 7 - Adopied. 2015
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.5.	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation
STANDARD	MS-PS4- 3.	Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.17.	Human Impacts
STANDARD	MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.18.	Engineering Design
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Key Ideas and Details
GRADE LEVEL	RST.6-	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior

EXPECTATION 8.2. knowledge or opinions.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Craft and Structure
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.10.	Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
GRADE LEVEL	8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST AND ARD	8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST ANDARD CAT EGORY	8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST ANDARD CATEGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL	8.10. MI.WHST. 6-8. WHST.6	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Text Types and Purposes Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST ANDARD CAT EGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION EXPECTATION	8.10. MI.WHST.6 6-8. WHST.6 8.2(d)	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Text Types and Purposes Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST AND ARD CAT EGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST AND ARD	8.10. MI.WHST.6 -8.2. WHST.6- 8.2(d) MI.WHST.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Text Types and Purposes Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST AND ARD CAT EGORY ST AND ARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST RAND / ST RAND / ST RAND /	8.10. MI.WHST.6 -8.2. WHST.6- 8.2(d) MI.WHST.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Text Types and Purposes Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects

Michigan Academic Standards Science Grade 8 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.5.	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation
STANDARD	MS-PS4- 3.	Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.17.	Human Impacts
STANDARD	MS- ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.18.	Engineering Design
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS- ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved. Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND /	MLRST.6	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Key Ideas and Details
STANDARD CATEGORY		
ST ANDARD CAT EGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL	-8. RST.6-	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior
ST ANDARD CAT EGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION GRADE LEVEL	-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3.	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical
ST ANDARD CAT EGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST RAND / ST ANDARD	-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3. MI.RST.6	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
ST ANDARD CAT EGORY ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST RAND / ST RAND / ST RAND ARD CAT EGORY	-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3. MI.RST.6	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ST AND ARD CAT EGORY ST AND ARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST AND ARD CAT EGORY ST AND ARD GRADE LEVEL	-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3. MI.RST.6 -8. RST.6-	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Craft and Structure Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a
ST AND ARD CAT EGORY ST AND ARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION ST AND ARD CAT EGORY ST AND ARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION GRADE LEVEL	-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3. MI.RST.6- 8.4. RST.6- 8.4. RST.6- 8.5.	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects Craft and Structure Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6 -8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.WHST. 6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Text Types and Purposes
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

EXPECTATION

TIONWHST.6-Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.8.2(d)

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.WHST. 6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Michigan Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .3.	Knowledge Constructor - Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring realworld issues and problems, developing ideas and theories, and pursuing answers and solutions.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .4.	Innovative Designer - Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.

GRADE LEVEL	MITECS.	Develop, test, and refine prototypes as part of a cyclical design process.
EXPECTATION	4.c.	

GRADE LEVELMITECS.Exhibit a tolerance for ambiguity, perseverance, and the capacity to work with open-ended problems.EXPECTATION4.d.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .5.	Computational Thinker - Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.

GRADE LEVEL	MITECS.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test
EXPECTATION	5.d.	automated solutions.

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019			
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY		Michigan Computer Science Standards	
STANDARD		LEVEL 1B: UPPER ELEMENTARY (GRADES 3-5)	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		ALGORITHMS AND PROGRAMMING	
EXPECTATION	1B-AP- 11.	Decompose (break down) problems into smaller, manageable subproblems to facilitate the program development process. Subconcept: Modularity; Practice 3.2	
EXPECTATION	1B-AP- 13.	Use an iterative process to plan the development of a program by including others' perspectives and considering user preferences. Subconcept: Program Development; Practice 1.1, 5.1	
EXPECTATION	1B-AP- 16.	Take on varying roles, with teacher guidance, when collaborating with peers during the design, implementation, and review stages of program development. Subconcept: Program Development; Practice 2.2	
EXPECTATION	1B-AP- 17.	Describe choices made during program development using code comments, presentations, and demonstrations. Subconcept: Program Development; Practice 7.2	

Michigan Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .3.	Knowledge Constructor - Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring realworld issues and problems, developing ideas and theories, and pursuing answers and solutions.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students

STANDARD	MITECS .4.	Innovative Designer - Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.c.	Develop, test, and refine prototypes as part of a cyclical design process.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.d.	Exhibit a tolerance for ambiguity, perseverance, and the capacity to work with open-ended problems.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .5.	Computational Thinker - Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
	MITEOS	Linderstand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of stops to create and test

EXPECTATION 5.d.	automated solutions.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019		
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	Michigan Computer Science Standards	
STANDARD	LEVEL 2: MIDDLE SCHOOL (GRADES 6-8)	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	ALGORITHMS AND PROGRAMMING	

EXPECTATION 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. Subconcept: Algorithms; Practice 4.4, 4.1

Michigan Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade	7 -	Adopted:	2017
-------	-----	----------	------

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .3.	Knowledge Constructor - Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring realworld issues and problems, developing ideas and theories, and pursuing answers and solutions.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .4.	Innovative Designer - Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.

GRADE LEVELMITECS.Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculatedEXPECTATION4.b.risks.

GRADE LEVEL	MITECS.	Develop, test, and refine prototypes as part of a cyclical design process.
EXPECTATION	4.c.	

GRADE LEVELMITECS.Exhibit a tolerance for ambiguity, perseverance, and the capacity to work with open-ended problems.EXPECTATION4.d.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .5.	Computational Thinker - Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.

GRADE LEVEL	MITECS.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test
EXPECTATION	5.d.	automated solutions.

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2019		
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY		Michigan Computer Science Standards
STANDARD		LEVEL 2: MIDDLE SCHOOL (GRADES 6-8)
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		ALGORITHMS AND PROGRAMMING

EXPECTATION 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. Subconcept: Algorithms; Practice 4.4, 4.1

Michigan Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2017

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .3.	Knowledge Constructor - Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring realworld issues and problems, developing ideas and theories, and pursuing answers and solutions.
STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .4.	Innovative Designer - Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.c.	Develop, test, and refine prototypes as part of a cyclical design process.

GRADE LEVELMITECS.Exhibit a tolerance for ambiguity, perseverance, and the capacity to work with open-ended problems.EXPECTATION4.d.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITEC S.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .5.	Computational Thinker - Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

Grade 8 - Adopte	ed: 2019

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	Michigan Computer Science Standards
STANDARD	LEVEL 2: MIDDLE SCHOOL (GRADES 6-8)
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	ALGORITHMS AND PROGRAMMING

EXPECTATION

DOMAIN COMPONENT 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. Subconcept: Algorithms; Practice 4.4, 4.1

Minnesota Academic Standards Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2008

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.3.	Geometry & Measurement
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.3.2.	Determine the area of triangles and quadrilaterals; determine the surface area and volume of rectangular prisms in various contexts.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.3.2.2.	Use various tools and strategies to measure the volume and surface area of objects that are shaped like rectangular prisms.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.3.2.4.	Develop and use the formulas $V = Iwh$ and $V = Bh$ to determine the volume of rectangular prisms. Justify why base area B and height h are multiplied to find the volume of a rectangular prism by breaking the prism into layers of unit cubes.
		Minnesota Academic Standards
		Mathematics
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2008
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.3.	Geometry & Measurement
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR /	6.3.1.	Calculate perimeter, area, surface area and volume of two and three dimensional figures to solve real- world and mathematical problems.
INDICATORS	6.3.1.1.	Calculate the surface area and volume of prisms and use appropriate units, such as cm2 and cm3. Justify the
-------------	----------	---
OF PROGRESS		formulas used. Justification may involve decomposition, nets or other models.
/ STRAND		

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.3.	Geometry & Measurement
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6.3.3.	Choose appropriate units of measurement and use ratios to convert within measurement systems to solve real-world and mathematical problems.
INDICATORS	6.3.3.2.	Estimate weights, capacities and geometric measurements using benchmarks in measurement systems with

 INDICATORS
 6.3.3.2.
 Estimate weights, capacities and geometric measurements using benchmarks in measurement systems with appropriate units.

 OF PROGRESS
 appropriate units.

 / STRAND
 strange

Minnesota Academic Standards

Mathematics

	Grade 7 - Adopted: 2008				
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.7.3.	Geometry & Measurement			
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	7.3.1.	Use reasoning with proportions and ratios to determine measurements, justify formulas and solve real world and mathematical problems involving circles and related geometric figures.			
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	7.3.1.2.	Calculate the volume and surface area of cylinders and justify the formulas used.			

Minnesota Academic Standards

/ STRAND

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.1.3.	Interactions Among Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics, and Society
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.1.3.2.	The student will understand that men and women throughout the history of all cultures, including Minnesota American Indian tribes and communities, have been involved in engineering design and scientific inquiry.

INDICATORS 5.1.3.2.1. Describe how science and engineering influence and are influenced by local traditions and beliefs. OF PROGRESS

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.1.3.	Interactions Among Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics, and Society
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.1.3.4.	The student will understand that tools and mathematics help scientists and engineers see more, measure more accurately, and do things that they could not otherwise accomplish.

Minnesota Academic Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2009

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2009		
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6.1.2.	The Practice of Engineering
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.1.2.1.	The student will understand that engineers create, develop and manufacture machines, structures, processes and systems that impact society and may make humans more productive.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6.1.2.1.2.	Recognize that there is no perfect design and that new technologies have consequences that may increase some risks and decrease others.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6.1.2.1.4.	Explain the importance of learning from past failures, in order to inform future designs of similar products or systems.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6.1.2.	The Practice of Engineering
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.1.2.2.	The student will understand that engineering design is the process of devising products, processes and systems that address a need, capitalize on an opportunity, or solve a specific problem.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6.1.2.2.1.	Apply and document an engineering design process that includes identifying criteria and constraints, making representations, testing and evaluation, and refining the design as needed to construct a product or system that solves a problem.
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Key Ideas and Details

 INDICATORS
 6.13.2.2.
 Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior

 OF PROGRESS
 knowledge or opinions.

 / STRAND

INDICATORS6.13.3.3.Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, designing solutions, taking measurements, orOF PROGRESSperforming technical tasks./ STRAND

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Craft and Structure
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.4.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, equations, graphical representations, tabular representations, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.5.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.6.6.	Analyze the author's purpose in describing phenomena, providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing/reporting an experiment in a text.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.9.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICAT OR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND		By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.14.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, as they apply to each discipline and reporting format, including the narration of historical events, of scientific procedures/ experiments, or description of technical processes.

INDICATORS6.14.2.2.dUse precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.OF PROGRESS.

s	ONTENT TANDARD / OMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
E I	PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Production and Distribution of Writing
	NDICATORS DF PROGRESS	6.14.4.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Minnesota Academic Standards

/ STRAND

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.7.4.	Life Science
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	7.4.4.	Human Interactions with Living Systems
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	7.4.4.2.	The student will understand that human beings are constantly interacting with other organisms that cause disease.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	7.4.4.2.1.	Explain how viruses, bacteria, fungi and parasites may infect the human body and interfere with normal body functions.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	7.4.4.2.2.	Recognize that a microorganism can cause specific diseases and that there are a variety of medicines available that can be used to combat a given microorganism.
		Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Key Ideas and Details
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.2.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.3.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, designing solutions, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICAT OR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Craft and Structure

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.4.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, equations, graphical representations, tabular representations, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.5.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.6.6.	Analyze the author's purpose in describing phenomena, providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing/reporting an experiment in a text.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.9.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
CONTENT ST ANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.14.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, as they apply to each discipline and reporting format, including the narration of historical events, of scientific procedures/ experiments, or description of technical processes.

INDICATORS6.14.2.2.dUse precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.OF PROGRESS.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Production and Distribution of Writing

6.14.4.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Minnesota Academic Standards

Science

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.8.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	8.1.3.	Interactions Among Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics, and Society
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	8.1.3.3.	The student will understand that science and engineering operate in the context of society and both influence and are influenced by this context.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	8.1.3.3.2.	Understand that scientific knowledge is always changing as new technologies and information enhance observations and analysis of data.

INDICATORS 8.1.3.3.3. Provide examples of how advances in technology have impacted the ways in which people live, work and interact. OF PROGRESS

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.8.3.	Earth and Space Science
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	8.3.4.	Human Interactions with Earth Systems
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	8.3.4.1.	The student will understand that in order to maintain and improve their existence, humans interact with and influence Earth systems.
INDICATORS	8.3.4.1.2.	Recognize that land and water use practices in specific areas affect natural processes and that natural processes

INDICATORS 8.3.4.1.2. Recognize that land and water use practices in specific areas affect natural processes and that natural processes OF PROGRESS interfere and interact with human systems.

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010			
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12	
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Key Ideas and Details	
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.2.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.3.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, designing solutions, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.	

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Craft and Structure
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.4.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, equations, graphical representations, tabular representations, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.5.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.6.6.	Analyze the author's purpose in describing phenomena, providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing/reporting an experiment in a text.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.9.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICAT OR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND		By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.14.2.2	Write informative/explanatory texts, as they apply to each discipline and reporting format, including the narration of historical events, of scientific procedures/ experiments, or description of technical processes.

INDICATORS6.14.2.2.dUse precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.OF PROGRESS.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Production and Distribution of Writing
INDICATORS	6.14.4.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task,

OF PROGRESS purpose, and audience. / STRAND

Minnesota Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2009

		Glade 3 - Adopied. 2003
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.IT L.3- 5.	Information and Technology Literacy Standards (Refresh 2009)
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	3-5.3.	Technology Use and Concepts: explore multiple technologies, evaluate their suitability for the desired educational or personal task, and apply the tools needed.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	3-5.3.I.	Use of Technology
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	3- 5.3.I.D.	Strategically solve information and technology issues.
INDICATOR	3-	Seek assistance to trouble shoot technical problems.

5.3.I.D.1.

Minnesota Academic Standards

Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.IT L.6- 8.	Information and Technology Literacy Standards (Refresh 2009)
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6-8.3.	Technology Use and Concepts: Students will explore multiple technologies, evaluate their suitability for the desired educational or personal task, and apply the tools needed.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6-8.3.I.	Use of Technology
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6- 8.3.I.D.	Strategically solve information and technology issues.
INDICATOR	6- 8.3.I.D.1.	Independently troubleshoot technology issues, following organizational policies.
INDICATOR	6- 8.3.I.D.2.	Locate assistance independently or through the help of others as needed.

Minnesota Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 7 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.IT L.6- 8.	Information and Technology Literacy Standards (Refresh 2009)
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6-8.3.	Technology Use and Concepts: Students will explore multiple technologies, evaluate their suitability for the desired educational or personal task, and apply the tools needed.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6-8.3.I.	Use of Technology
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6- 8.3.I.D.	Strategically solve information and technology issues.
INDICATOR	6- 8.3.I.D.1.	Independently troubleshoot technology issues, following organizational policies.
INDICATOR	6- 8.3.I.D.2.	Locate assistance independently or through the help of others as needed.

Minnesota Academic Standards

Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.IT L.6- 8.	Information and Technology Literacy Standards (Refresh 2009)
PERFORMANC E INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6-8.3.	Technology Use and Concepts: Students will explore multiple technologies, evaluate their suitability for the desired educational or personal task, and apply the tools needed.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6-8.3.I.	Use of Technology
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6- 8.3.I.D.	Strategically solve information and technology issues.
INDICATOR	6- 8.3.I.D.1.	Independently troubleshoot technology issues, following organizational policies.
INDICATOR	6- 8.3.I.D.2.	Locate assistance independently or through the help of others as needed.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

THEME	MS.MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
SUBJECT	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
SUBJECT	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
SUBJECT	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
SUBJECT	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.

SUBJECT	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
SUBJECT	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
тнеме	MS.5.MD.	Measurement and Data (MD)
SUBJECT		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition
STANDARD	5.MD.4.	Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units.

тнеме	MS.5.MD.	Measurement and Data (MD)
SUBJECT		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition
STANDARD	5.MD.5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume.
OBJECTIVE	5.MD.5.a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative property of multiplication.
OBJECTIVE	5.MD.5.b.	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = b \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

THEME	MS.MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
SUBJECT	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
SUBJECT	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
SUBJECT	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
SUBJECT	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
SUBJECT	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
SUBJECT	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

ТНЕМЕ	MS.6.G.	Geometry (G)
SUBJECT		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume
STANDARD	6.G.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = Iwh$ and $V = bh$ to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Mathematics Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016

тнеме MS.MP. Standards for Mathematical Practice SUBJECT MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. SUBJECT MP.2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. SUBJECT MP.3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. SUBJECT MP.4. Model with mathematics. SUBJECT MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically. SUBJECT MP.7. Look for and make use of structure. тнеме MS.CM7. Compacted Mathematics Grade 7 CM7.G. SUBJECT Geometry Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres **STANDARD** OBJECTIVE 8.G.9. Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards

Mathematics

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016

ТНЕМЕ	MS.MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice	
SUBJECT	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	
SUBJECT	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	
SUBJECT	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	
SUBJECT	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.	
SUBJECT	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.	
SUBJECT	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.	
тнеме	MS.8.	Grade 8	
SUBJECT	8.G.	Geometry (G)	
STANDARD		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres	
OBJECTIVE	8.G.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.	

Science

Crada C		Adaptadu	20	10
Graue o	-	Adopted:	Ζι	110

ТНЕМЕ	MS.L.6.	GRADE SIX: Life Science
SUBJECT		Ecology and Interdependence
STANDARD	L.6.3.	Students will demonstrate an understanding of the relationships among survival, environmental changes, and diversity as they relate to the interactions of organisms, populations, and the environment.

OBJECTIVE L.6.3.1. Use scientific reasoning to explain differences between biotic and abiotic factors that demonstrate what living organisms need to survive.

ТНЕМЕ	MS.L.6.	GRADE SIX: Life Science
SUBJECT		Adaptation and Diversity
STANDARD		Students will demonstrate an understanding of classification tools and models such as dichotomous keys to classify representative organisms based on the characteristics of the kingdoms: Archaebacteria, Eubacteria, Protists, Fungi, Plants, and Animals.

both helpful and harmful to other organisms and the environment.

OBJECTIVE

L.6.4.5.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards

Engage in scientific arguments to support claims that bacteria (Archaebacteria and Eubacteria) and viruses can be

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2018

ТНЕМЕ	MS.L.7.	GRADE SEVEN: Life Science
SUBJECT		Ecology and Interdependence
STANDARD	L.7.3.	Students will demonstrate an understanding of the importance that matter cycles between living and nonliving parts of the ecosystem to sustain life on Earth.
OBJECTIVE	L.7.3.4.	Explain how disruptions in cycles (e.g., water, oxygen, carbon, and nitrogen) affect biodiversity and ecosystem

services (e.g., water, food, and medications) which are needed to sustain human life on Earth.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards

Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2018

тнеме		Mississippi College- and Career-Readiness Standards for Computer Science
SUBJECT		Level 2: GRADES 6-8 - Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD	AP.2.	Algorithms and Programming (AP.2)
OBJECTIVE	AP.2.1.	Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. [ALGORITHMS] (P4.4, P4.1)
OBJECTIVE	AP.2.1a.	Students will use pseudocode and/or flowcharts to organize and sequence an algorithm that addresses a complex problem, even though they may not actually program the solutions.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards

Technology Education

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2018

ТНЕМЕ		Mississippi College- and Career-Readiness Standards for Computer Science
SUBJECT		Level 2: GRADES 6-8 - Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD	AP.2.	Algorithms and Programming (AP.2)

OBJECTIVE	AP.2.1.	Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. [ALGORITHMS] (P4.4, P4.1)

OBJECTIVE AP.2.1a. Students will use pseudocode and/or flowcharts to organize and sequence an algorithm that addresses a complex problem, even though they may not actually program the solutions.

Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards

Technology Education

Grade 8 - Adopted: 2018

тнеме		Mississippi College- and Career-Readiness Standards for Computer Science
SUBJECT		Level 2: GRADES 6-8 - Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD	AP.2.	Algorithms and Programming (AP.2)
OBJECTIVE	AP.2.1.	Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. [ALGORITHMS] (P4.4, P4.1)
OBJECTIVE	AP.2.1a.	Students will use pseudocode and/or flowcharts to organize and sequence an algorithm that addresses a complex problem, even though they may not actually program the solutions.

Missouri Learning Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.GM	Geometry and Measurement
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.GM.B.	Understand and compute volume.
GLE /	5.GM.B.5	Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = B \times h$ for volume of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge

Missouri Learning Standards Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

Orade of Adopted. 2010		
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6.GM.	Geometry and Measurement
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6.GM.A.	Solve problems involving area, surface area and volume.
GLE / COMPONENT	6.GM.A. 2.	Find the volume of right rectangular prisms.

INDICATOR / 6.GM.A.2 Apply V = I * w * h and V = Bh to find the volume of right rectangular prisms. PROFICIENCY b.

COMPONENT

lengths.

Missouri Learning Standards

Mathematics

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.7.GM.	Geometry and Measurement
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	7.GM.B.	Apply and extend previous understanding of angle measure, area and volume.

GLE / 7.GM. COMPONENT 6.	3. Understand the relationship between area, surface area and volume.
-----------------------------	---

INDICATOR / 7.GM.B.6 Find the volume and surface area of prisms, pyramids and cylinders. PROFICIENCY b.

Missouri Learning Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.ET S1.	Engineering Design
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ET S1. A.	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems
GLE / COMPONENT	5.ETS1.A .1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
ST RAND: BIG IDEA / ST ANDARD	MO.5.ET S1.	Engineering Design
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ET S1. B.	Developing Possible Solutions
GLE / COMPONENT	5.ETS1.B .1.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.ET S1.	Engineering Design
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ET S1. C.	Optimizing the Solution Process

GLE /5.ETS1.CPlan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects ofCOMPONENT.1.a model or prototype that can be improved.

Missouri Learning Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ESS.	Earth and Space Sciences
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ESS3. C.	Human Impacts on Earth's Systems

INDICATOR / 6-PROFICIENCY 8.E 1.

6- Analyze data to define the relationship for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural 8.ESS3.C. resources impact Earth's systems. [Clarification Statement: Examples of data include grade-appropriate databases
 1. on human populations and the rates of consumption of food and natural resources (such as freshwater, mineral, and energy). Examples of impacts can include changes to the appearance, composition, and structure of Earth's systems as well as the rates at which they change.]

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ETS.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ET S1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ET S1. A.	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.A. 1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ET S.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT : GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ET S1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ET S1. B.	Developing Possible Solutions
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.B. 1.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.B. 3.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.

GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Missouri Learning Standards

Science

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ESS.	Earth and Space Sciences
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity

GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ESS3. C.	Human Impacts on Earth's Systems
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ESS3.C. 1.	Analyze data to define the relationship for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems. [Clarification Statement: Examples of data include grade-appropriate databases on human populations and the rates of consumption of food and natural resources (such as freshwater, mineral, and energy). Examples of impacts can include changes to the appearance, composition, and structure of Earth's systems as well as the rates at which they change.]
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ET S.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science

IDEA / STANDARD	8.ET S.	
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ET S1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ETS1. A.	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.A. 1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ET S.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ETS1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ET S1. B.	Developing Possible Solutions
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.B. 1.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.B. 3.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
		Grade 7 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details

GLE /RST.6-Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from priorCOMPONENT8.2.knowledge or opinions.

GLE /RST.6-Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technicalCOMPONENT8.3.tasks.

	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
--	-----------------	--

CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Missouri Learning Standards Science Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ESS.	Earth and Space Sciences
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ESS3. C.	Human Impacts on Earth's Systems
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ESS3.C. 1.	Analyze data to define the relationship for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems. [Clarification Statement: Examples of data include grade-appropriate databases on human populations and the rates of consumption of food and natural resources (such as freshwater, mineral, and

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ET S.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ET S1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ETS1. A.	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems

as well as the rates at which they change.]

INDICATOR / 6-PROFICIENCY 8.E 1.

3.

6- Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking
8.ETS1.A. into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit
1. possible solutions.

energy). Examples of impacts can include changes to the appearance, composition, and structure of Earth's systems

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6- 8.ET S.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6- 8.ETS1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6- 8.ET S1. B.	Developing Possible Solutions
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.B. 1.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	6- 8.ETS1.B.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

		Grade 8 - Adopted: 2010
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
ST RAND: BIG IDEA / ST ANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
ST RAND: BIG IDEA / ST ANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT : GLE / BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing
GLE /	WHSTA	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development organization, and style are appropriate to task

GLE /WHST.6-Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task,COMPONENT8.4.purpose, and audience.

GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.
		Missouri Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Computing Systems
GLE / COMPONENT		Troubleshooting
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	5.CS.T.01	. Identify, using accurate terminology, simple hardware and software problems that may occur during everyday use. Discuss problems with peers and adults, apply strategies for solving these problems and explain why the strategy should work.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards

CONCEPT : GLE / BENCHMARK		Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT		Algorithms
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	5.AP.A.0 1.	Compare and simplify multiple algorithms (sets of step-by-step instructions) for accomplishing the same task verbally and kinesthetically, with robot devices or a programming language, then determine which is the most efficient.

ST RAND: BIG IDEA / ST ANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT		Control
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY	5.AP.C.0 1.	Create a program using control structures (e.g., sequence, conditionals, interactive-looping), event handlers and variables to solve a problem or express ideas both independently and collaboratively.

Missouri Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT	Algorithms

 INDICATOR /
 6 Design algorithms with flow charts and/or pseudocode to show solutions to complex problems.

 PROFICIENCY
 8.AP.A.01.

Missouri Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 7 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT	Algorithms

INDICATOR /6-Design algorithms with flow charts and/or pseudocode to show solutions to complex problems.PROFICIENCY8.AP.A.01.

Missouri Learning Standards Technology Education Grade 8 - Adopted: 2019

CONCEPT: Algorithms & Programming GLE / Algorithms & March GLE / Algorithms OMPONENT Algorithms	ST RAND: BIG IDEA / ST ANDARD	Computer Science Performance Standards
	GLE /	Algorithms & Programming
		Algorithms

INDICATOR /6-Design algorithms with flow charts and/or pseudocode to show solutions to complex problems.PROFICIENCY8.AP.A.01.

Montana Content Standards Mathematics Grade 5 - Adopted: 2011

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.M P.	Mathematical Practices
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD

MP.7.

Look for and make use of structure.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.5. MD.	Measurement and Data
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.

GRADE LEVEL 5.MD.4. Measure volumes by counting unit cubes, using cubic cm, cubic in, cubic ft, and improvised units. EXPECTATION /

BENCHMARK

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.5. MD.	Measurement and Data
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	5.MD.5.	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition and solve real world and mathematical problems involving volume within cultural contexts, including those of Montana American Indians.
EXPECTATION	5.MD.5.a.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with whole-number side lengths by packing it with unit cubes, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths, equivalently by multiplying the height by the area of the base. Represent threefold whole-number products as volumes, e.g., to represent the associative

property of multiplication.

EXPECTATION 5.MD.5.b. Apply the formulas $V = I \times w \times h$ and $V = b \times h$ for rectangular prisms to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with whole-number edge lengths in the context of solving real world and mathematical problems.

Montana Content Standards Mathematics Grade 6 - Adopted: 2011

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.M P.	Mathematical Practices
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.6. G.	Geometry
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, surface area, and volume.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	6.G.2.	Find the volume of a right rectangular prism with fractional edge lengths by packing it with unit cubes of the appropriate unit fraction edge lengths, and show that the volume is the same as would be found by multiplying the edge lengths of the prism. Apply the formulas $V = I w h$ and $V = b h$ to find volumes of right rectangular prisms with fractional edge lengths in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems.

Montana Content Standards Mathematics

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2011

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.M P.	Mathematical Practices
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

Montana Content Standards Mathematics Grade 8 - Adopted: 2011

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.M P.	Mathematical Practices
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.8. G.	Geometry
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving volume of cylinders, cones, and spheres.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	8.G.9.	Know the formulas for the volumes of cones, cylinders, and spheres and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems.
		Montana Content Standards Science
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.6- 8.ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE content standards for sixth through eighth grades are that students will:
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	6- 8.ESS.15.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems including indigenous populations
		Grade 6 - Adopted: 2011
CONTENT	MT RST	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD / DOMAIN	6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STANDARD /		Key Ideas and Details
ST ANDARD / DOMAIN BENCHMARK /	6-8. RST.6-	
ST ANDARD / DOMAIN BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION /	6-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6-	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior
ST ANDARD / DOMAIN BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION /	6-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3.	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical
ST ANDARD / DOMAIN BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK CONTENT ST ANDARD /	6-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3. MT.RST.	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
ST ANDARD / DOMAIN BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK CONTENT ST ANDARD / DOMAIN BENCHMARK /	6-8. RST.6- 8.2. RST.6- 8.3. MT.RST. 6-8.	Key Ideas and Details Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION /	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

BENCHMARK

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Range of Reading Level of Text Complexity
	DST6	Putho and of grade 9, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6, 9 text complexity hand

GRADE LEVEL RST.6-By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band EXPECTATION / 8.10. independently and proficiently. BENCHMARK

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD		Text Types and Purposes
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK		Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

EXPECTATION WHST.6- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. 8.2.d.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

Montana Content Standards Science Grade 7 - Adopted: 2016		
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.6- 8.ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE content standards for sixth through eighth grades are that students will:
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	6- 8.ESS.15.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems including indigenous populations

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Key Ideas and Details	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.3.	ollow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical sks.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Craft and Structure	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Range of Reading Level of Text Complexity	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT .WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Text Types and Purposes	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.	

EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.2.d.	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHS T.6-8.	Vriting Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.	
		Montana Content Standards	
		Science Grade 8 - Adopted: 2016	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.6- 8.ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE content standards for sixth through eighth grades are that students will:	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	6- 8.ESS.15.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems including indigenous populations	
		Grade 8 - Adopted: 2011	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Key Ideas and Details	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Craft and Structure	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.	

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
	DOTO	

GRADE LEVELRST.6-Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that
gained from reading a text on the same topic.BENCHMARK

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Range of Reading Level of Text Complexity	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.	

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Text Types and Purposes	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECT AT ION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6 -8.2.	Vrite informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.	
EXPECTATION	WHST.6- 8.2.d.	Jse precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK		Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.	
		Montana Content Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2020/Effective 2021	
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR FIFTH GRADE	
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	The innovative designer content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:	

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(a)	use digital and non-digital tools to plan and manage a design process; and
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(b)	use design process to develop and test prototypes.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR FIFTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(5)	The computational thinker content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(a)	explore or solve problems by selecting technology for data analysis, modeling and algorithmic thinking;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(b)	break down problems into smaller parts, identify key information, and propose solutions; and
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR FIFTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(6)	The creative communicator content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(b)	use a variety of strategies for remixing or repurposing to create new works; and
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(c)	create digital objects to communicate ideas visually and graphically.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR FIFTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(1)	Computer science algorithms and programming standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(e)	describe choices made during program development.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR FIFTH GRADE
BENCHMARK /	(4)	Computer science impacts of computing standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
STANDARD		

BENCHMARK

Montana Content Standards Technology Education

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2020/Effective 2021		
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	The innovative designer content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(a)	select and use digital tools to support design processes, identify constraints and trade-offs and weigh risks;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(b)	engage in design process to develop, test and revise prototypes or create innovative products; and
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(5)	The computational thinker content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(a)	investigate and practice solving problems by using data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(b)	organize data and use technology to display, analyze, solve problems and make decisions;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(c)	break down problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve; and
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(6)	The creative communicator content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(a)	select appropriate platforms and tools to create, share, and communicate work;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(b)	create original works or responsibly remix and repurpose other digital resources into new creative works; and
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE

BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(1)	Computer science algorithms and programming standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(a)	use algorithms to address complex problems;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(c)	develop programs that combine control structures, including nested loops and compound conditionals;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(d)	decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(f)	seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution that meets user needs;
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	Computer science impacts of computing standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(c)	collaborate with other contributors when creating a computational artifact; and

Montana Content Standards Technology Education

Grade 7 - Adopted: 2020/Effective 2021

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(4)	The innovative designer content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(a)	select and use digital tools to support design processes, identify constraints and trade-offs and weigh risks;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(b)	engage in design process to develop, test and revise prototypes or create innovative products; and
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK /	(5)	The computational thinker content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:

GRADE LEVEL (5)(a) investigate EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK

STANDARD

5)(a) investigate and practice solving problems by using data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking;

GRADE LEVEL	(5)(b)
EXPECTATION /	
BENCHMARK	

GRADE LEVEL (5)(c) break down problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve; and EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(6)	The creative communicator content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(a)	select appropriate platforms and tools to create, share, and communicate work;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(b)	create original works or responsibly remix and repurpose other digital resources into new creative works; and
CONTENT ST ANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(1)	Computer science algorithms and programming standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(a)	use algorithms to address complex problems;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(c)	develop programs that combine control structures, including nested loops and compound conditionals;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(d)	decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(f)	seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution that meets user needs;
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	Computer science impacts of computing standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(c)	collaborate with other contributors when creating a computational artifact; and

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(4)	The innovative designer content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(a)	select and use digital tools to support design processes, identify constraints and trade-offs and weigh risks;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(b)	engage in design process to develop, test and revise prototypes or create innovative products; and

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(5)	The computational thinker content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(a)	investigate and practice solving problems by using data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(b)	organize data and use technology to display, analyze, solve problems and make decisions;
GRADE LEVEL	(5)(c)	break down problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve; and

GRADE LEVEL (5)(c) break down problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve; and EXPECTATION /

BENCHMARK

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(6)	The creative communicator content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(a)	select appropriate platforms and tools to create, share, and communicate work;

GRADE LEVEL	(6)(b)	create original works or responsibly remix and repurpose other digital resources into new creative works; and
EXPECTATION /		
BENCHMARK		

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / ST ANDARD	(1)	Computer science algorithms and programming standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(a)	use algorithms to address complex problems;

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(c)	develop programs that combine control structures, including nested loops and compound conditionals;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(d)	decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(f)	seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution that meets user needs;
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	Computer science impacts of computing standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION /	(4)(c)	collaborate with other contributors when creating a computational artifact; and

BENCHMARK