

Main Criteria: Forward Education

Secondary Criteria: Idaho Content Standards, Illinois Learning Standards, Indiana Academic Standards, Iowa Student Standards, Kansas Academic Standards, Kentucky Academic Standards, Louisiana Academic Standards, Maine Learning Results, Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards, Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks, Michigan Academic Standards, Minnesota Academic Standards, Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards, Missouri Learning Standards, Montana Content Standards

Subjects: Mathematics, Science, Technology Education

Grades: 5, 6, Key Stage 2

Forward Education

Smart Farming with Automated Watering

Idaho Content Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022

STANDARD / COURSE	Fifth Grade Standards for Mathematical Practice
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
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STANDARD / COURSE	5.MD.	Measurement and Data
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	5.MD.B.	Represent and interpret data.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	5.MD.B.2.	Collect, represent, and interpret numerical data, including whole numbers, and fractional and decimal values.
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OBJECTIVE	5.MD.B.2.	Interpret numerical data, with whole-number values, represented with tables or line plots. a.
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OBJECTIVE 5.MD.B.2. Use graphic displays of data (line plots (dot plots), tables, etc.) to solve real-world problems using fractional data.
b.

**Idaho Content Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022**

STANDARD / COURSE		Sixth Grade Standards for Mathematical Practice
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
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STANDARD / COURSE	6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	6.RP.A.	Understand ratio and rate concepts and use ratio and rate reasoning to solve problems.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	6.RP.A.3	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.
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OBJECTIVE 6.RP.A.3. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.
a.

STANDARD / COURSE	6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
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CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	6.EE.B.	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.
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GLE / BIG IDEA 6.EE.B.5. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: Which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

Idaho Content Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022

STANDARD / COURSE	5-LS.	Life Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	5-LS-1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Processes

GLE / BIG IDEA 5-LS-1.1. Support an argument that plants get what they need for growth chiefly from air, water, and energy from the Sun.

STANDARD / COURSE	5-LS.	Life Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	5-LS-2.	Biological Adaptation: Unity and Diversity

GLE / BIG IDEA 5-LS-2.3. Make a claim about the merit of a solution to a problem caused when the environment changes and the types of plants and animals living there may change.

STANDARD / COURSE	5-ESS.	Earth and Space Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	5-ESS-3.	Earth and Human Activity

GLE / BIG IDEA 5-ESS-3.1. Obtain and combine information about ways communities protect Earth's resources and environment using scientific ideas.

Idaho Content Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022

STANDARD / COURSE	MS-PS.	Physical Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS-PS-4.	Waves

GLE / BIG IDEA MS-PS-4.3. Present qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals (0s and 1s) can be used to encode and transmit information.

STANDARD / COURSE	MS-LS.	Life Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS-LS-2.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics

GLE / BIG IDEA MS-LS-2.6. Design and evaluate solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.

STANDARD / COURSE	MS-ESS.	Earth and Space Science
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	MS-ESS-3.	Earth and Human Activity

GLE / BIG IDEA	MS-ESS-3.3.	Apply scientific practices to design a method for monitoring human activity and increasing beneficial human influences on the environment.
GLE / BIG IDEA	MS-ESS-3.4.	Construct an argument based on evidence for how changes in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources positively and negatively affect Earth's systems.

**Idaho Content Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017**

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.3-5.3.	STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE CONSTRUCTOR
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 3: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3-5.3.d.	Students explore real-world problems and issues and collaborate with others to find answers or solutions.
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STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.3-5.5.	STANDARD 5: COMPUTATIONAL THINKER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 5: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.

GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3-5.5.a.	Students explore or solve problems by selecting technology for data analysis, modeling and algorithmic thinking, with guidance from an educator.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3-5.5.c.	Students break down problems into smaller parts, identify key information, and propose solutions.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.3-5.5.d.	Students understand and explore basic concepts related to automation, patterns and algorithmic thinking.
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STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.IC.	Impacts of Computing (IC)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Fostering an Inclusive Computing Culture

OBJECTIVE	3-5.IC.02.	Explore the connections between computer science and other fields. (Grades 3-5)
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STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Creating Computational Artifacts

OBJECTIVE 3-5.AP.02. Construct and test problem solutions using a block-based visual programming language, both independently and collaboratively (e.g. pair programming). (Grades K-5)

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Testing and Refining Computational Artifacts

OBJECTIVE 3-5.AP.05. Understand, explain and debug the sequencing in an algorithm. (Grades 3-5)

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Creating Computational Artifacts

OBJECTIVE 3-5.AP.06. Construct and test problem solutions using a block-based visual programming language, both independently and collaboratively (e.g. pair programming). (Grades K-5)

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.3-5.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Developing and Using Abstractions

OBJECTIVE 3-5.AP.07. Construct an algorithm to accomplish a task, both independently and collaboratively. (Grades K-5)

**Idaho Content Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017**

STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6-8.3.	STANDARD 3: KNOWLEDGE CONSTRUCTOR
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 3: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.3.d.	Students explore real-world issues and problems and actively pursue an understanding of them and solutions for them.
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STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6-8.4.	STANDARD 4: INNOVATIVE DESIGNER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 4: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.

GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.4.b.	Students select and use digital tools to support a design process and expand their understanding to identify constraints and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.4.d.	Students demonstrate an ability to persevere and handle greater ambiguity as they work to solve open-ended problems.
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STANDARD / COURSE	ID.ICT.6-8.5.	STANDARD 5: COMPUTATIONAL THINKER
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL		Goal 5: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.

GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.5.a.	Students practice defining problems to solve by computing for data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.5.b.	Students find or organize data and use technology to analyze and represent it to solve problems and make decisions and trade-offs and to weigh risks.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.5.c.	Students break problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve.
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GLE / BIG IDEA	ICT.6-8.5.d.	Students demonstrate an understanding of how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to design and automate solutions.
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STANDARD / COURSE	ID.CS.6-8.	COMPUTER SCIENCE
CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND SKILLS / GOAL	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming (AP)
GLE / BIG IDEA		Communicating About Computing

OBJECTIVE	6-8.AP.02.	Compare different algorithms that may be used to solve the same problem by time and space efficiency. (Grades 6-8)
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**Illinois Learning Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2010**

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.K-12.MP.	Mathematical Practices
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LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

**Illinois Learning Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010**

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.K-12.MP.	Mathematical Practices
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LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	K-12.MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6.RP.3.	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

STANDARD CC.6.RP.3.a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE CC.6.EE.5. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

**Illinois Learning Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2014**

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.5-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	5-LS1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.5-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	5-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD 5-ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.3-5-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	3-5-ETS1.	Engineering Design

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
STANDARD	3-5-ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
STANDARD	3-5-ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	3-5-ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

**Illinois Learning Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2014**

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS-LS2.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD MS-LS2-5. Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD MS-ESS3-3. Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.

STANDARD MS-ESS3-4. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.MS-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	MS-ETS1.	Engineering Design
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

STANDARD MS-ETS1-1. Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

STANDARD	MS-ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS-ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6-8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Key Ideas and Details

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.RST.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
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DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.RST.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
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STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6-8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Craft and Structure

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.RST.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
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DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.RST.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
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STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6-8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.RST.7.	Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).
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DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.RST.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
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STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6-8.RST.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE CC.6-8.RST.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6-8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Text Types and Purposes
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	CC.6-8.WHST.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

STANDARD CC.6-8.WHST.2.d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT	IL.6-8.WHST.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Production and Distribution of Writing

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE CC.6-8.WHST.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE CC.6-8.WHST.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

**Illinois Learning Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022**

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Practices

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE 3 Recognizing and defining computational problems.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE 5 Creating computational artifacts.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE 6 Testing and refining computational artifacts.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
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LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.CS.	Computing Systems
STANDARD		Troubleshooting
EXPECTATION	3-5.CS.03.	Determine potential solutions to solve simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.DA.	Data and Analysis
STANDARD		Interference and Models
EXPECTATION	3-5.DA.07.	Use data to highlight or propose cause-and-effect relationships, predict outcomes, or communicate an idea.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Algorithms
EXPECTATION	3-5.AP.08.	Compare and refine multiple algorithms for the same task and determine which is the most appropriate.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Modularity
EXPECTATION	3-5.AP.11.	Decompose (break down) problems into smaller, manageable subproblems to facilitate the program development process.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
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LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	3-5.ET.	Emerging and Future Technologies

STANDARD 3-5.ET.E. Create new or original work by applying emerging technologies.

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE-S.3.	Knowledge Constructors: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.3.d. Build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems, developing ideas and theories and pursuing answers and solutions.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE-S.4.	Innovative Designers: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.4.a. Know and use a deliberate design process for generating ideas, testing theories, creating innovative artifacts or solving authentic problems.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.4.b. Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE-S.5.	Computational Thinkers: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.5.a. Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models, and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.5.b. Collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decision-making.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.5.d. Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Practices

DESCRIPTOR / 3 Recognizing and defining computational problems.
CONTENT
DISCIPLINE

DESCRIPTOR / 5 Creating computational artifacts.
CONTENT
DISCIPLINE

DESCRIPTOR / 6 Testing and refining computational artifacts.
CONTENT
DISCIPLINE

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.CS.	Computing Systems
STANDARD		Troubleshooting

EXPECTATION 6-8.CS.03. Systematically identify and fix problems with computing devices and their components.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Algorithms

EXPECTATION 6-8.AP.11. Use flowcharts or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.AP.	Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD		Modularity

EXPECTATION 6-8.AP.14. Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.IC.	Impacts of Computing
STANDARD		Social Interactions

EXPECTATION 6-8.IC.23. Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		Illinois Computer Science Standards
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE		Computer Science Standards
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	6-8.ET.	Emerging and Future Technologies

STANDARD 6-8.ET.E. Create new or original work by applying emerging technologies.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE-S.3.	Knowledge Constructors: Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.3.d. Build knowledge by actively exploring real-world issues and problems, developing ideas and theories and pursuing answers and solutions.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE-S.4.	Innovative Designers: Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.4.a. Know and use a deliberate design process for generating ideas, testing theories, creating innovative artifacts or solving authentic problems.

DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE ISTE-S.4.b. Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.

STATE GOAL / DISCIPLINARY CONCEPT		ISTE Standards for Students
LEARNING STANDARD / DISCIPLINE	IL.ISTE-S.5.	Computational Thinkers: Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE-S.5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models, and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE-S.5.b.	Collect data or identify relevant data sets, use digital tools to analyze them, and represent data in various ways to facilitate problem-solving and decision-making.
DESCRIPTOR / CONTENT DISCIPLINE	ISTE-S.5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

**Indiana Academic Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2023**

STANDARD / STRAND		Mathematics Process Standards
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.1:	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.2:	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.3:	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.4:	Model with mathematics.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.5:	Use appropriate tools strategically.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.7:	Look for and make use of structure.

**Indiana Academic Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2023**

STANDARD / STRAND		Mathematics Process Standards
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.1:	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.2:	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.3:	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.4:	Model with mathematics.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.5:	Use appropriate tools strategically.
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	PS.7:	Look for and make use of structure.

STANDARD / STRAND	Grade 6 Mathematics
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	Ratios and Proportional Reasoning – Learning Outcome: Students use ratios and reasoning to compare two quantities and understand unit rate. Students use ratios and unit rates to model and solve real-world problems.
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INDICATOR / STANDARD	6.RP.3.	Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane.
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INDICATOR / STANDARD	6.RP.4.	Solve real-world and other mathematical problems involving rates and ratios using models and strategies such as reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. (E)
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**Indiana Academic Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2023**

STANDARD / STRAND	Science and Engineering Practices
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.2.	Developing and using models
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.3.	Planning and carrying out investigations
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.4.	Analyzing and interpreting data
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.6.	Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
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PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.8.	Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information
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STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	5-LS1-1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

INDICATOR / STANDARD	5-LS1-1.	Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.
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STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	5-ESS3-1.	Earth and Human Activity

INDICATOR / STANDARD	5-ESS3-1.	Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.
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STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	3-5-ETS1-1.	Engineering Design

INDICATOR / STANDARD	3-5-ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
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STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	3-5-ETS1-2.	Engineering Design

INDICATOR / STANDARD	3-5-ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
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STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 5
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	3-5-ETS1-3.	Engineering Design

INDICATOR / STANDARD	3-5-ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.
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STANDARD / STRAND		Science and Engineering Practices
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.2.	Developing and using models
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.3.	Planning and carrying out investigations
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.4.	Analyzing and interpreting data
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.6.	Constructing explanations (for science) and designing solutions (for engineering)
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	SEP.8.	Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 6
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS-LS2-5.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS-LS2-5.	Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 6
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS-ETS1-1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS-ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 6
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS-ETS1-2.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS-ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD / STRAND		Grade 6
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND	MS-ETS1-4.	Engineering Design

INDICATOR / STANDARD	MS-ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
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**Indiana Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2023**

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Data & Information
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students select aspects and portions of data to be transformed, clustered, and categorized to provide views and insights about the data.

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	3-5.DI.1.	Decompose problems and subproblems into parts as a means to solving complex problems. (E)
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STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Computing Devices & Systems
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students identify similarities between computing systems to troubleshoot common problems and choose appropriate combinations of hardware and software to accomplish desired tasks.

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	3-5.CD.2.	Determine potential solutions to solve simple hardware and software problems using common troubleshooting strategies. (E)
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STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Programs & Algorithms
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students collaboratively engage in computer program development with consideration of documenting design choices and giving appropriate attributions.

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	3-5.PA.1.	Collaborate with peers to implement problem-solving steps to create a variety of programming solutions. (E)
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**Indiana Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2023**

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Data & Information
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students identify and implement multiple means of representing complex algorithms to communicate how applications store data as a representation understandable by people.

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR	6-8.DI.1.	Decompose (i.e., break down) problems into smaller, more manageable subsets by applying the algorithmic problem solving steps to make the possible solutions easier to follow, test, and debug. (E)
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EXPECTATION / INDICATOR 6-8.DI.4. Create visuals such as flowcharts, diagrams, and pseudocode to represent complex problems as algorithms. (E)

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Computing Devices & Systems
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students explain trade-offs, functionality, and accessibility of computer systems to improve the human-computer interaction.

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR 6-8.CD.1. Design projects that combine hardware and software components to collect and exchange data. (E)

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR 6-8.CD.2. Systematically identify and fix problems (i.e., troubleshoot) with computing devices and their components (e.g., checklist, decision tree, flowchart).

STANDARD / STRAND		Computer Science
PROFICIENCY STATEMENT / SUBSTRAND		Impact & Culture
INDICATOR / STANDARD		Learning Outcome: Students explain that society is faced with trade-offs due to the increasing globalization and automation that computing brings, as well as describe these trade-offs using multiple viewpoints from a diverse audience.

EXPECTATION / INDICATOR 6-8.IC.3. Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact.

**Iowa Student Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2012**

STRAND / COURSE		Mathematical Practices
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	4	Model with mathematics.
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5	Use appropriate tools strategically.

ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	7	Look for and make use of structure.
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**Iowa Student Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2012**

STRAND / COURSE		Mathematical Practices
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	1	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	2	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	3	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	4	Model with mathematics.
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	5	Use appropriate tools strategically.
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	7	Look for and make use of structure.
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STRAND / COURSE	6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships 6.RP
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	6.RP.A.	Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems. (6.RP.A)
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DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	6.RP.A.3	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	6.RP.A.3. a.	Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.
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STRAND / COURSE	6.EE.	Expressions and Equations 6.EE
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ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	6.EE.B.	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities. (6.EE.B)
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DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	6.EE.B.5.	Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true. (6.EE.B.5) (DOK 1)
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Iowa Student Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / COURSE	IA.5-LS1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.

STRAND / COURSE	IA.5-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR 5-ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

STRAND / COURSE	IA.3-5-ETS1.	Engineering Design
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR 3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR 3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR 3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Iowa Student Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND / COURSE	IA.MS-ETS1.	Engineering Design
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR MS-ETS1-1. Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR MS-ETS1-2. Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR MS-ETS1-4. Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Key Ideas and Details

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a distinct from prior knowledge or opinions. (RST.6-8.2.)

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks. (RST.6-8.3.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Craft and Structure

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics. (RST.6-8.4.)

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic. (RST.6-8.5.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.7. Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table). (RST.6-8.7.)

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.9. Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic. (RST.6-8.9.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.RS T.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR RST.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently. (RST.6-8.10.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WH ST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Text Types and Purposes
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	WHST.6-8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION WHST.6-8.2.d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. (WHST.6-8.2.)

STRAND / COURSE	IA.CC.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy Science, and Technical Subjects
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL		Production and Distribution of Writing

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (WHST.6-8.4.)

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR WHST.6-8.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently. (WHST.6-8.6.)

**Iowa Student Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2018**

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.1 B.	Level 1B (Ages 8-11)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	1B-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Program Development

EXAMPLE 1B-AP-13. Use an iterative process to plan the development of a program by including others' perspectives and considering user preferences. (P1.1, P5.1)

EXAMPLE 1B-AP-16. Take on varying roles, with teacher guidance, when collaborating with peers during the design, implementation, and review stages of program development. (P2.2)

EXAMPLE 1B-AP-17. Describe choices made during program development using code comments, presentations, and demonstrations. (P7.2)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.1 B.	Level 1B (Ages 8-11)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	1B-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Social Interactions

EXAMPLE 1B-IC-20. Seek diverse perspectives for the purpose of improving computational artifacts. (P1.1)

**Iowa Student Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2018**

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)

DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Algorithms

EXAMPLE 2-AP-10. Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. (P4.4, P4.1)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	2-AP.	Algorithms & Programming
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Modularity

EXAMPLE 2-AP-13. Decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs. (P3.2)

STRAND / COURSE		CSTA K-12 Computer Science Standards
ESSENTIAL CONCEPT AND/OR SKILL	CSTA.2.	Level 2 (Ages 11-14)
DETAILED DESCRIPTOR	2-IC.	Impacts of Computing
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		Social Interactions

EXAMPLE 2-IC-22. Collaborate with many contributors through strategies such as crowdsourcing or surveys when creating a computational artifact. (P2.4, P5.2)

**Kansas Academic Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017**

STANDARD	MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
BENCHMARK	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

**Kansas Academic Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017**

STANDARD	MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
BENCHMARK	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STANDARD	6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
BENCHMARK		Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	6.RP.3.	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, (e.g. by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagram, or using calculations.)

INDICATOR 6.RP.3a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find the missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios. Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed. For example, if it took 7 hours to mow 4 lawns, then at that rate, how many lawns could be mowed in 35 hours? At what rate were lawns being mowed?

STANDARD	6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
BENCHMARK		Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	6.EE.4.	Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

Kansas Academic Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2013

STANDARD	KS.5-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	5-LS1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.

STANDARD	KS.5-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	5-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR	5-ESS3-1.	Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.
STANDARD	KS.3-5-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
BENCHMARK	3-5-ETS1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR	3-5-ETS1-1.	Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.
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INDICATOR	3-5-ETS1-2.	Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
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INDICATOR	3-5-ETS1-3.	Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.
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**Kansas Academic Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2013**

STANDARD	KS.MS-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	MS-LS2.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR	MS-LS2-5.	Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.
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STANDARD	KS.MS-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
BENCHMARK	MS-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR	MS-ESS3-3.	Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.
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INDICATOR	MS-ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
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STANDARD	KS.MS-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
BENCHMARK	MS-ETS1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

INDICATOR	MS-ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
INDICATOR	MS-ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
INDICATOR	MS-ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STANDARD	KS.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

STANDARD	KS.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

STANDARD	KS.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.7. Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.9. Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

STANDARD	KS.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL: RST.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

STANDARD	KS.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	WHST.6-8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

INDICATOR WHST.6-8.2(d) Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

STANDARD	KS.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL WHST.6-8.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

**Kansas Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019**

STANDARD		Computer Science Standards – Grade 5
BENCHMARK		Algorithms and Programming
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Modularity

INDICATOR 5.AP.M.02. With grade appropriate complexity, modify, remix, or incorporate portions of an existing program into one's own work, to develop something new or add more advanced features.

STANDARD		Computer Science Standards – Grade 5
BENCHMARK		Algorithms and Programming
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Program Development

INDICATOR 5.AP.PD.04. Take on varying roles collaborating with peers to give feedback at different stages of program development, including design and implementation.

**Kansas Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019**

STANDARD		Computer Science Standards - Middle Grades
BENCHMARK		Algorithms and Programing
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Program Development

INDICATOR	MG.AP.P D.01.	Seek and incorporate feedback from team members and users to refine a solution to a problem that meets the needs of diverse users.
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Kentucky Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practices
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
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Kentucky Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practices
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
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CATEGORY / GOAL	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.
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STRAND		Ratios and Proportional Relationships
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CATEGORY / GOAL		Cluster: Understanding ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	KY.6.RP .3.	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems. (MP.1, MP.4, MP.7)

EXPECTATION KY.6.RP. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the
3.a. tables and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

STRAND		Expressions and Equations
CATEGORY / GOAL		Cluster: Reason about and solve one-variable equation and inequalities.

STANDARD / KY.6.EE. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified
ORGANIZER 5. set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified
set makes an equation or inequality true. (MP.1, MP.2, MP.7)

**Kentucky Academic Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2022**

STRAND		Fifth Grade
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CATEGORY / 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.
GOAL

CATEGORY / 5-ESS3- Obtain and combine information about solutions individual communities use to protect the Earth's resources and
GOAL 1. environment.

STRAND		3-5 Engineering Design
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CATEGORY / 3-5- Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and
GOAL ETS1-1. constraints on materials, time, or cost.

CATEGORY / 3-5- Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria
GOAL ETS1-2. and constraints of the problem.

CATEGORY / 3-5- Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of
GOAL ETS1-3. a model or prototype that can be improved.

**Kentucky Academic Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2022**

STRAND		6-8 Engineering Design
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CATEGORY / MS- Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking
GOAL ETS1-1. into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit
possible solutions.

CATEGORY / MS- Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and
GOAL ETS1-2. constraints of the problem.

CATEGORY / MS- Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such
GOAL ETS1-4. that an optimal design can be achieved.

Technology Education

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2018

STRAND		Kentucky Academic Standards (KAS) for Computer Science
CATEGORY / GOAL		Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD / ORGANIZER	E-AP-01.	Create, follow, compare and refine algorithms for a task. Algorithms (step-by-step instructions) are common in many primary classrooms. Just as people use algorithms to complete daily routines, they can program computers to use algorithms to complete different tasks. Algorithms are commonly implemented using a precise language that computers can interpret. Different algorithms can be used to perform the same task. While the end results may be similar, the paths may be different. Students should be able to look at different ways to solve the same task and decide which would be the best solution. Algorithms can be expressed in non-computer languages, including natural language, flowcharts, and pseudocode.
EXPECTATION		Algorithms

INDICATOR E-AP-01.5. Modify a set of algorithms and discuss how multiple paths can lead to the same solution.

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2015

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Information, Communication and Productivity – Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operations of technology systems. Students use technology to learn, to communicate, increase productivity and become competent users of technology. Students manage and create effective oral, written and multimedia communication in a variety of forms and contexts.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION I.B11.AE.6.1. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION I.B13.AE.5.5. Students use problem-solving processes to develop solutions to relatively complex problems.

EXPECTATION I.B13.AE.6.1. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Intermediate Enduring Knowledge – Understandings

EXPECTATION I.B13.EK.1. Technology assists in gathering, organizing and evaluating information from a variety of sources to answer essential questions.

EXPECTATION I.B13.EK.2. Technology supports critical thinking skills used in inquiry/problem solving to make informed decisions.

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Intermediate Skills and Concepts – Inquiry/Problem-solving

EXPECTATION I.BI3.SC2. Use technology to solve problems using critical thinking and problem-solving strategies.
2.

EXPECTATION I.BI3.SC2. Solve content-specific problems using a combination of technologies.
3.

STRAND		Technology – Intermediate
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Intermediate Skills and Concepts – Innovation

EXPECTATION I.BI3.SC3. Use technology to organize and develop creative solutions, ideas or product.
1.

**Kentucky Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2015**

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Information, Communication and Productivity – Students demonstrate a sound understanding of the nature and operations of technology systems. Students use technology to learn, to communicate, increase productivity and become competent users of technology. Students manage and create effective oral, written and multimedia communication in a variety of forms and contexts.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION M.BI1.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.
6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Academic Expectations

EXPECTATION M.BI3.AE. Students use problem-solving processes to develop solutions to relatively complex problems.
5.5.

EXPECTATION M.BI3.AE. Students connect knowledge and experiences from different subject areas.
6.1.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.

STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Middle Enduring Knowledge – Understandings
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EXPECTATION M.BI3.EK.5. Technology problem solving strategies is applied to innovative design for authentic, creative and real-world applications.

STRAND		Technology – Middle
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CATEGORY / GOAL		Big Idea: Research, Inquiry/Problem-Solving and Innovation – Students understand the role of technology in research and experimentation. Students engage technology in developing solutions for solving problems in the real world. Students will use technology for original creation and innovation.
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STANDARD / ORGANIZER		Middle Skills and Concepts – Inquiry/Problem-solving
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EXPECTATION M.BI3.SC 2.1. Use appropriate technology and strategies to solve content-specific problems in the real-world.

**Louisiana Academic Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016/Updated 2017**

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practice
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TITLE MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

TITLE MP.2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

TITLE MP.3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

TITLE MP.4. Model with mathematics.

TITLE MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically.

TITLE MP.7. Look for and make use of structure.

**Louisiana Academic Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016/Updated 2017**

STRAND		Standards for Mathematical Practice
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TITLE MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

TITLE MP.2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

TITLE MP.3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

TITLE MP.4. Model with mathematics.

TITLE MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically.

TITLE MP.7. Look for and make use of structure.

STRAND	6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
TITLE	6.RP.A.	Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION	6.RP.A.3	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

INDICATOR 6.RP.A.3. a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

STRAND	6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
TITLE	6.EE.B.	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION 6.EE.B.5. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

**Louisiana Academic Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017**

STRAND	LA.SC.5.	Science – Grade 5
TITLE	5-LS1.	FROM MOLECULES TO ORGANISMS: STRUCTURES AND PROCESSES

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION 5-LS1-1. Ask questions about how air and water affect the growth of plants.

STRAND	LA.SC.5.	Science – Grade 5
TITLE	5-ESS3.	EARTH AND HUMAN ACTIVITY

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION 5-ESS3-1. Generate and compare multiple solutions about ways individual communities can use science to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

**Louisiana Academic Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017**

STRAND	LA.SC.6.	Science – Grade 6
TITLE	6-MS-ESS1.	EARTH'S PLACE IN THE UNIVERSE

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION 6-MS-ESS3-4. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

**Louisiana Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2008**

STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		PreK-12 Educational Technology Content Standards

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION	ET.4.	Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, and Decision Making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.
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STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		Performance Indicators for Grades 3-5

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION	ET.E.	Identify and investigate a world issue and generate a possible solution using digital tools and resources. (3, 4)
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**Louisiana Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2008**

STRAND	LA.ET.	Educational Technology
TITLE		PreK-12 Educational Technology Content Standards

PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION	ET.4.	Critical Thinking, Problem Solving, and Decision Making: Students use critical thinking skills to plan and conduct research, manage projects, solve problems, and make informed decisions using appropriate digital tools and resources.
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**Maine Learning Results
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2020/Implemented 2020**

STRAND / DOMAIN		Standards for Mathematical Practice
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them: Students will plan strategies to use and persevere in solving math problems.
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively: Students will think about numbers in many ways and make sense of numerical relationships as they solve problems.
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others: Students will explain their thinking and make sense of the thinking of others.
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP4.	Model with mathematics: Students will use representations to show their thinking in a variety of ways.
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP5.	Use appropriate tools strategically: Students will use math tools such as tables, diagrams, and technology to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP7.	Look for and make use of structure: Students will use their current mathematical understandings to identify patterns and structure to make sense of new learning.
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**Maine Learning Results
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2020/Implemented 2020**

STRAND / DOMAIN		Standards for Mathematical Practice
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them: Students will plan strategies to use and persevere in solving math problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively: Students will think about numbers in many ways and make sense of numerical relationships as they solve problems.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others: Students will explain their thinking and make sense of the thinking of others.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP4.	Model with mathematics: Students will use representations to show their thinking in a variety of ways.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP5.	Use appropriate tools strategically: Students will use math tools such as tables, diagrams, and technology to explore and deepen their understanding of concepts.
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MP7.	Look for and make use of structure: Students will use their current mathematical understandings to identify patterns and structure to make sense of new learning.

STRAND / DOMAIN		Quantitative Reasoning – Ratio and Proportional Relationships
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	QR.EA.1	Understand ratio and rate concepts and use ratio and rate reasoning to solve problems.
STANDARD	6.RP.A.3 :	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

EXPECTATION 6.RP.A.3 a: Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

STRAND / DOMAIN		Algebraic Reasoning – Expressions and Equations
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	AR.EA.2	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

STANDARD 6.EE.B.5: Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

**Maine Learning Results
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019**

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.5-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	5-LS1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
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EXPECTATION 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.5-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	5-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
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STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
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EXPECTATION 5-ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.3-5-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	3-5-ETS1.	Engineering Design
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STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
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EXPECTATION 3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

EXPECTATION 3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

EXPECTATION 3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

**Maine Learning Results
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019**

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MS-LS2.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
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STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
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EXPECTATION MS-LS2-5. Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.

STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
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CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MS-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
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STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:
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EXPECTATION MS-ESS3-3. Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.

EXPECTATION	MS-ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.
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STRAND / DOMAIN	NGSS.MS-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
CATEGORY / PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	MS-ETS1.	Engineering Design
STANDARD		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

EXPECTATION	MS-ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
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EXPECTATION	MS-ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
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EXPECTATION	MS-ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.
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**Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010**

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Grade 6 Math
TOPIC / INDICATOR	6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	6.RP.A.	Understanding ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
OBJECTIVE	6.RP.A.3	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

EXPECTATION	6.RP.A.3.a.	Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.
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STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Grade 6 Math
TOPIC / INDICATOR	6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL	6.EE.B.	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

OBJECTIVE	6.EE.B.5.	Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.
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**Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2013**

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.5-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
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TOPIC / INDICATOR	5-LS1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.5-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
TOPIC / INDICATOR	5-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE 5-ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.3-5-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
TOPIC / INDICATOR	3-5-ETS1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE 3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

OBJECTIVE 3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

OBJECTIVE 3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2013

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS-LS.	LIFE SCIENCE
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS-LS2.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE MS-LS2-5. Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS-ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE
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TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS-ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE MS-ESS3-3. Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.

OBJECTIVE MS-ESS3-4. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD	NGSS.MS-ETS.	ENGINEERING DESIGN
TOPIC / INDICATOR	MS-ETS1.	Engineering Design
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Students who demonstrate understanding can:

OBJECTIVE MS-ETS1-1. Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

OBJECTIVE MS-ETS1-2. Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

OBJECTIVE MS-ETS1-4. Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

**Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016**

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR		Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.

OBJECTIVE Explain how the design process is an iterative, systematic approach to problem solving that includes collaboratively:

EXPECTATION Defining a problem – students will be able to employ technical reading and writing skills to develop concise problem statement.

EXPECTATION Selecting an Approach – students will be able to employ a decision matrix to select the best approach to solve the problem.

EXPECTATION Testing and Evaluating Design Using Specifications – students will be able to use establish specifications to assess their design product.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR		Standard Three: Engineering Design and Development – Students will demonstrate knowledge of and apply the engineering design process to develop solutions to problems.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Engineering design and development includes but is not limited to research and development, invention and innovation, problem solving, and using and maintaining technological products and systems.

OBJECTIVE Discriminate between ethical and unethical engineering practices.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR		Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.

OBJECTIVE **Agricultural Technologies**

EXPECTATION Explore the function and application of a variety of technological processes, equipment, and systems used in agriculture (e.g. agroforestry, irrigation, global positioning systems).

EXPECTATION Design, develop, use, manage, maintain, and assess a closed system that supports living organisms (e.g. terrarium, hydroponics station).

EXPECTATION Evaluate the positive and negative effects of technological solutions to agricultural problems.

EXPECTATION Describe techniques used to provide long-term storage of food and reduce the health risk caused by tainted food (STL, 15J).

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR		Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.

OBJECTIVE **Biotechnology**

EXPECTATION Explore applications of biotechnology.

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
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TOPIC / INDICATOR		Standard Four: Core Technologies and The Designed World – Students will demonstrate knowledge of the core technologies that underpin the designed world and major enterprises that produce the goods and services of the designed world. Core technologies include but are not limited to biotechnology, electrical, electronics, fluid, material, mechanical, optical, structural, and thermal technologies. Major enterprises include medical, agriculture, biotechnology, energy and power, information and communication, transportation, and manufacturing and construction technologies.
INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL		Analyze the function of select core technologies in the designed world.
OBJECTIVE		Energy and Power Technologies

EXPECTATION Design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes energy transfer (MS-PS3-3).

STRAND / TOPIC / STANDARD		Maryland Technology Education Standards: Grades 6-8
TOPIC / INDICATOR		Standard Five: Computational Thinking and Computer Science Applications – Students will be able to apply computational thinking skills and computer science applications as tools to develop solutions to engineering problems.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL Select and use appropriate tools and technology resources to accomplish a variety of tasks and solve problems.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL Use the basic steps in algorithmic problem solving to design solutions to problems.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL Implement problem solutions using a programming language.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY LEVEL Analyze how computational thinking and computer programming can be used as tools for problem solving.

**Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017**

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.MP.	Mathematical Practice
STRAND	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STRAND	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STRAND	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STRAND	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
STRAND	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STRAND	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.MP.	Mathematical Practice
STRAND	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STRAND	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STRAND	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STRAND	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
STRAND	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STRAND	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
STRAND	6.RP.A.	Understand ratio and rate concepts and use ratio and rate reasoning to solve problems.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.RP.A.3	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

INDICATOR 6.RP.A.3. a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements. Find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
STRAND	6.EE.B.	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6.EE.B.5.	Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: Which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.5-ESS.	Grade 5: Earth and Space Sciences
STRAND	ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	5-ESS3-1.	Obtain and combine information about ways communities reduce human impact on the Earth's resources and environment by changing an agricultural, industrial, or community practice or process.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.5-LS.	Grade 5: Life Science
STRAND	LS1.	From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	5-LS1-1.	Ask testable questions about the process by which plants use air, water, and energy from sunlight to produce sugars and plant materials needed for growth and reproduction.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.5-ETS.	Grade 5: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ETS3.	Technological Systems

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 5.3-5-ETS3-1(MA). Use informational text to provide examples of improvements to existing technologies (innovations) and the development of new technologies (inventions). Recognize that technology is any modification of the natural or designed world done to fulfill human needs or wants.

**Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016**

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6-ETS.	Grade 6: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ETS1.	Engineering Design

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6.MS-ETS1-1. Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution. Include potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6.MS-ETS1-6(MA). Communicate a design solution to an intended user, including design features and limitations of the solution.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6-ETS.	Grade 6: Technology/Engineering
STRAND	ETS2.	Materials, Tools, and Manufacturing

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6.MS-ETS2-2(MA). Given a design task, select appropriate materials based on specific properties needed in the construction of a solution.

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6.MS-ETS2-3(MA). Choose and safely use appropriate measuring tools, hand tools, fasteners, and common hand-held power tools used to construct a prototype.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Key Ideas and Details

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Craft and Structure

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.7.	Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	RST.6- 8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHST .6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Text Types and Purposes
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6 -8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
INDICATOR	WHST.6- 8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
FOCUS / COURSE	MA.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
STRAND		Production and Distribution of Writing
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6- 8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	WHST.6- 8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.3-5.CT.	Grades 3 – 5: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	3-5.CT.a.	Abstraction

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 3-5.CT.a.3. Make a list of sub-problems to consider, while addressing a larger problem.

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.3-5.CT.	Grades 3 – 5: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	3-5.CT.b.	Algorithms

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 3-5.CT.b.1. Define an algorithm as a sequence of instructions that can be processed by a computer.

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 3-5.CT.b.4. Individually and collaboratively create an algorithm to solve a problem (e.g., move a character/robot/person through a maze).

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.3-5.CT.	Grades 3 – 5: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	3-5.CT.d.	Programming and Development

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 3-5.CT.d.1. Individually and collaboratively create, test, and modify a program in a graphical environment (e.g., block-based visual programming language).

**Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016**

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6-8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6-8.CT.b.	Algorithms

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6-8.CT.b.3. Individually and collaboratively decompose a problem and create a sub-solution for each of its parts (e.g., video game, robot obstacle course, making dinner).

FOCUS / COURSE	MA.6-8.CT.	Grades 6 – 8: Computational Thinking (CT)
STRAND	6-8.CT.d.	Programming and Development

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6-8.CT.d.2. Use functions to hide the detail in a program.

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL 6-8.CT.d.3. Create a program, individually and collaboratively, that implements an algorithm to achieve a given goal.

STANDARD / CONCEPT / SKILL	6- 8.CT.d.5.	Trace programs step-by-step in order to predict their behavior.
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Michigan Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MP .5.	Mathematical Practices
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STANDARD	MP.5.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STANDARD	MP.5.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STANDARD	MP.5.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STANDARD	MP.5.4.	Model with mathematics.
STANDARD	MP.5.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STANDARD	MP.5.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

Michigan Academic Standards

Mathematics

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.MP .6.	Mathematical Practices
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STANDARD	MP.6.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
STANDARD	MP.6.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
STANDARD	MP.6.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
STANDARD	MP.6.4.	Model with mathematics.
STANDARD	MP.6.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
STANDARD	MP.6.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.RP .6.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
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STANDARD		Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RP.6.3.	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.
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EXPECTATION	RP.6.3(a)	Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.CC.EE.6.	Expressions and Equations
STANDARD		Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION EE.6.5. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

**Michigan Academic Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2015**

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.2.	Matter and Energy in Organisms and Ecosystems
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STANDARD 5-LS1-1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.3.	Earth's Systems
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STANDARD 5-ESS3-1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.5.	Engineering Design
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STANDARD 3-5-ETS1-1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

STANDARD 3-5-ETS1-2. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

STANDARD 3-5-ETS1-3. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

**Michigan Academic Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2015**

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.5.	Waves and Electromagnetic Radiation
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STANDARD MS-PS4-3. Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.9.	Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems
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STANDARD MS-LS2-5. Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.17.	Human Impacts
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STANDARD	MS-ESS3-3.	Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.
STANDARD	MS-ESS3-4.	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.SC.18.	Engineering Design
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STANDARD	MS-ETS1-1.	Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.
STANDARD	MS-ETS1-2.	Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.
STANDARD	MS-ETS1-4.	Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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STANDARD		Key Ideas and Details
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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STANDARD		Craft and Structure
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.7.	Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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STANDARD		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	RST.6-8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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STANDARD		Text Types and Purposes
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6-8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
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EXPECTATION	WHST.6-8.2(d)	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6-8.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	WHST.6-8.6.	Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.
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**Michigan Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2017**

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITECS.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
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STANDARD	MITECS.3.	Knowledge Constructor - Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS.3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring realworld issues and problems, developing ideas and theories, and pursuing answers and solutions.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITECS.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
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STANDARD	MITECS.4.	Innovative Designer - Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS.4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.c.	Develop, test, and refine prototypes as part of a cyclical design process.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.d.	Exhibit a tolerance for ambiguity, perseverance, and the capacity to work with open-ended problems.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITECS.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .5.	Computational Thinker - Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.
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Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY		Michigan Computer Science Standards
STANDARD		LEVEL 1B: UPPER ELEMENTARY (GRADES 3-5)
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		ALGORITHMS AND PROGRAMMING

EXPECTATION	1B-AP-11.	Decompose (break down) problems into smaller, manageable subproblems to facilitate the program development process. Subconcept: Modularity; Practice 3.2
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EXPECTATION	1B-AP-13.	Use an iterative process to plan the development of a program by including others' perspectives and considering user preferences. Subconcept: Program Development; Practice 1.1, 5.1
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EXPECTATION	1B-AP-16.	Take on varying roles, with teacher guidance, when collaborating with peers during the design, implementation, and review stages of program development. Subconcept: Program Development; Practice 2.2
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EXPECTATION	1B-AP-17.	Describe choices made during program development using code comments, presentations, and demonstrations. Subconcept: Program Development; Practice 7.2
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**Michigan Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2017**

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITECS.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
STANDARD	MITECS .3.	Knowledge Constructor - Students critically curate a variety of resources using digital tools to construct knowledge, produce creative artifacts and make meaningful learning experiences for themselves and others.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 3.d.	Build knowledge by actively exploring realworld issues and problems, developing ideas and theories, and pursuing answers and solutions.
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STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITECS.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
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STANDARD	MITECS .4.	Innovative Designer - Students use a variety of technologies within a design process to identify and solve problems by creating new, useful or imaginative solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.b.	Select and use digital tools to plan and manage a design process that considers design constraints and calculated risks.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.c.	Develop, test, and refine prototypes as part of a cyclical design process.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 4.d.	Exhibit a tolerance for ambiguity, perseverance, and the capacity to work with open-ended problems.

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY	MI.MITECS.	Michigan Integrated Technology Competencies for Students
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STANDARD	MITECS .5.	Computational Thinker - Students develop and employ strategies for understanding and solving problems in ways that leverage the power of technological methods to develop and test solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.a.	Formulate problem definitions suited for technology-assisted methods such as data analysis, abstract models and algorithmic thinking in exploring and finding solutions.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION	MITECS. 5.d.	Understand how automation works and use algorithmic thinking to develop a sequence of steps to create and test automated solutions.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019

STRAND / STANDARD CATEGORY		Michigan Computer Science Standards
STANDARD		LEVEL 2: MIDDLE SCHOOL (GRADES 6-8)
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION		ALGORITHMS AND PROGRAMMING

EXPECTATION	2-AP-10.	Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. Subconcept: Algorithms; Practice 4.4, 4.1
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Minnesota Academic Standards
Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.1.1.	The Practice of Science
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.1.1.2.	The student will understand that scientific inquiry requires identification of assumptions, use of critical and logical thinking, and consideration of alternative explanations.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	5.1.1.2.2.	Identify and collect relevant evidence, make systematic observations and accurate measurements, and identify variables in a scientific investigation.
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
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PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.1.3.	Interactions Among Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics, and Society
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.1.3.2.	The student will understand that men and women throughout the history of all cultures, including Minnesota American Indian tribes and communities, have been involved in engineering design and scientific inquiry.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS 5.1.3.2.1. Describe how science and engineering influence and are influenced by local traditions and beliefs.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.1.3.	Interactions Among Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics, and Society
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.1.3.4.	The student will understand that tools and mathematics help scientists and engineers see more, measure more accurately, and do things that they could not otherwise accomplish.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS 5.1.3.4.1. Use appropriate tools and techniques in gathering, analyzing and interpreting data.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.5.3.	Earth and Space Science
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	5.3.4.	Human Interaction with Earth Systems
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	5.3.4.1.	The student will understand that in order to maintain and improve their existence, humans interact with and influence Earth systems.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS 5.3.4.1.3. Compare the impact of individual decisions on natural systems.

Minnesota Academic Standards

Science

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2009

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6.1.2.	The Practice of Engineering
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.1.2.1.	The student will understand that engineers create, develop and manufacture machines, structures, processes and systems that impact society and may make humans more productive.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS 6.1.2.1.2. Recognize that there is no perfect design and that new technologies have consequences that may increase some risks and decrease others.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6.1.2.1.4.	Explain the importance of learning from past failures, in order to inform future designs of similar products or systems.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.1.	The Nature of Science and Engineering
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6.1.2.	The Practice of Engineering
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.1.2.2.	The student will understand that engineering design is the process of devising products, processes and systems that address a need, capitalize on an opportunity, or solve a specific problem.

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6.1.2.2.1.	Apply and document an engineering design process that includes identifying criteria and constraints, making representations, testing and evaluation, and refining the design as needed to construct a product or system that solves a problem.
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Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Key Ideas and Details

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.2.2.	Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
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INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.3.3.	Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, designing solutions, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Craft and Structure

INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.4.4.	Determine the meaning of symbols, equations, graphical representations, tabular representations, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.
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INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.5.5.	Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.
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INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.6.6.	Analyze the author's purpose in describing phenomena, providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing/reporting an experiment in a text.
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
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PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.7.7.	Compare and integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, table, map).
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.9.9.	Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.13.	Reading Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.13.10.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Text Types and Purposes
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.14.2.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, as they apply to each discipline and reporting format, including the narration of historical events, of scientific procedures/ experiments, or description of technical processes.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6.14.2.2.d	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.6.14.	Writing Benchmarks: Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6-12
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT		Production and Distribution of Writing
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6.14.4.4.	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
Minnesota Academic Standards Technology Education Grade 5 - Adopted: 2009		
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.IT.L.3-5.	Information and Technology Literacy Standards (Refresh 2009)

PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	3-5.3.	Technology Use and Concepts: explore multiple technologies, evaluate their suitability for the desired educational or personal task, and apply the tools needed.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	3-5.3.I.	Use of Technology
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	3-5.3.I.D.	Strategically solve information and technology issues.

INDICATOR 3-5.3.I.D.1. Seek assistance to trouble shoot technical problems.

**Minnesota Academic Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2009**

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MN.IT.L.6-8.	Information and Technology Literacy Standards (Refresh 2009)
PERFORMANCE INDICATOR / DOMAIN COMPONENT	6-8.3.	Technology Use and Concepts: Students will explore multiple technologies, evaluate their suitability for the desired educational or personal task, and apply the tools needed.
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS / STRAND	6-8.3.I.	Use of Technology
INDICATORS OF PROGRESS	6-8.3.I.D.	Strategically solve information and technology issues.

INDICATOR 6-8.3.I.D.1. Independently troubleshoot technology issues, following organizational policies.

INDICATOR 6-8.3.I.D.2. Locate assistance independently or through the help of others as needed.

**Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016**

THEME	MS.MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
SUBJECT	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
SUBJECT	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
SUBJECT	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
SUBJECT	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
SUBJECT	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
SUBJECT	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

**Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards
Mathematics**

THEME	MS.MP.	Standards for Mathematical Practice
SUBJECT	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
SUBJECT	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
SUBJECT	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
SUBJECT	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
SUBJECT	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
SUBJECT	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

THEME	MS.6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships (RP)
SUBJECT		Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems
STANDARD	6.RP.3.	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

OBJECTIVE 6.RP.3.a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

THEME	MS.6.EE.	Expressions and Equations (EE)
SUBJECT		Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities

STANDARD 6.EE.5. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

**Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards
Science**

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2018

THEME	MS.E.5.	GRADE FIVE: Earth and Space Science
SUBJECT		Earth's Resources
STANDARD	E.5.10.	Students will demonstrate an understanding of the effects of human interaction with Earth and how Earth's natural resources can be protected and conserved.

OBJECTIVE E.5.10.1. Collect and organize scientific ideas that individuals and communities can use to conserve Earth's natural resources and systems (e.g., implementing watershed management practices to conserve water resources, utilizing no-till farming to improve soil fertility, reducing emissions to abate air pollution, or recycling to reduce landfill waste).

**Mississippi College & Career Readiness Standards
Technology Education**

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2018

THEME		Mississippi College- and Career-Readiness Standards for Computer Science
SUBJECT		Level 2: GRADES 6-8 - Algorithms and Programming
STANDARD	AP.2.	Algorithms and Programming (AP.2)

OBJECTIVE	AP.2.1.	Use flowcharts and/or pseudocode to address complex problems as algorithms. [ALGORITHMS] (P4.4, P4.1)
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OBJECTIVE AP.2.1a. Students will use pseudocode and/or flowcharts to organize and sequence an algorithm that addresses a complex problem, even though they may not actually program the solutions.

**Missouri Learning Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016**

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.RA.	Relationships and Algebraic Thinking
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.RA.C.	Use the four operations to represent and solve problems.

GLE / COMPONENT 5.RA.C.5. Solve and justify multi-step problems involving variables, whole numbers, fractions and decimals.

**Missouri Learning Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016**

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6.RP.A.	Understand and use ratios to solve problems.
GLE / COMPONENT	6.RP.A.3	Solve problems involving ratios and rates.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6.RP.A.3 a. Create tables of equivalent ratios, find missing values in the tables and plot the pairs of values on the Cartesian coordinate plane.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6.EE1.	Expressions, Equations and Inequalities
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6.EE1.A.	Apply and extend previous understandings of arithmetic to algebraic expressions.

GLE / COMPONENT 6.EE1.A.1. Describe the difference between an expression and an equation.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6.EE1.	Expressions, Equations and Inequalities
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6.EE1.B.	Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

GLE / COMPONENT 6.EE1.B.4. Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes a one-variable equation or inequality true.

GLE / COMPONENT 6.EE1.B.5. Understand that if any solutions exist, the solution set for an equation or inequality consists of values that make the equation or inequality true.

GLE / COMPONENT 6.EE1.B.7. Solve one-step linear equations in one variable involving non-negative rational numbers.

**Missouri Learning Standards
Science
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016**

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.LS1	From Molecules to Organisms: Structure and Processes
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.LS1.C.	Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms

GLE / COMPONENT 5.LS1.C.1. Support an argument that plants get the materials (i.e. carbon dioxide, water, sunlight) they need for growth chiefly from air and water. [Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on the idea that plant matter comes mostly from air and water, not from the soil. Clarification Statement: [Do not assess photosynthesis.]

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.ES3.	Earth and Human Activity
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ESS3.C.	Human Impacts on Earth's Systems

GLE / COMPONENT 5.ESS3.C.1. Obtain and combine information about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources and environment.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.ETS1.	Engineering Design
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ETS1.A.	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems

GLE / COMPONENT 5.ETS1.A.1. Define a simple design problem reflecting a need or a want that includes specified criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.ETS1.	Engineering Design
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ETS1.B.	Developing Possible Solutions

GLE / COMPONENT 5.ETS1.B.1. Generate and compare multiple possible solutions to a problem based on how well each is likely to meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.5.ETS1.	Engineering Design
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	5.ETS1.C.	Optimizing the Solution Process

GLE / COMPONENT 5.ETS1.C.1. Plan and carry out fair tests in which variables are controlled and failure points are considered to identify aspects of a model or prototype that can be improved.

Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6-8.LS.	Life Sciences
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6-8.LS2.	Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics
GLE / COMPONENT	6-8.LS2.C.	Ecosystem Dynamics, Functioning and Resilience

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6-8.LS2.C.2. Evaluate benefits and limitations of differing design solutions for maintaining an ecosystem. [Clarification Statement: Examples of design solutions could include water, land, and species protection, and the prevention of soil erosion. Examples of design solution constraints could include scientific, economic, and social considerations.]

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6-8.ESS.	Earth and Space Sciences
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6-8.ESS3.	Earth and Human Activity
GLE / COMPONENT	6-8.ESS3.C.	Human Impacts on Earth's Systems

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6-8.ESS3.C.1. Analyze data to define the relationship for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems. [Clarification Statement: Examples of data include grade-appropriate databases on human populations and the rates of consumption of food and natural resources (such as freshwater, mineral, and energy). Examples of impacts can include changes to the appearance, composition, and structure of Earth's systems as well as the rates at which they change.]

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6-8.ESS3.C.2. Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment. [Clarification Statement: Examples of the design process include examining human environmental impacts, assessing the kinds of solutions that are feasible, and designing and evaluating solutions that could reduce that impact. Examples of human impacts can include water usage (such as the withdrawal of water from streams and aquifers or the construction of dams and levees), land usage (such as urban development, agriculture, or the removal of wetlands), and pollution (such as of the air, water, or land).]

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6-8.ETS.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6-8.ETS1.	Engineering Design
GLE / COMPONENT	6-8.ETS1.A.	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6-8.ETS1.A.1. Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.6-8.ETS.	Engineering, Technology, and Application of Science
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK	6-8.ETS1.	Engineering Design

GLE / COMPONENT	6-8.ETS1.B.	Developing Possible Solutions
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INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6-8.ETS1.B.1. Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6-8.ETS1.B.3. Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved.

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2010

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Key Ideas and Details
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GLE / COMPONENT RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

GLE / COMPONENT RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Craft and Structure
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GLE / COMPONENT RST.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6-8 texts and topics.

GLE / COMPONENT RST.6-8.5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
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GLE / COMPONENT RST.6-8.7. Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

GLE / COMPONENT RST.6-8.9. Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.RST. 6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity
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GLE / COMPONENT	RST.6-8.10.	By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Text Types and Purposes
GLE / COMPONENT	WHST.6-8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY WHST.6-8.2(d) Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD	MO.WHS T.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Production and Distribution of Writing

GLE / COMPONENT WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

GLE / COMPONENT WHST.6-8.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

**Missouri Learning Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2019**

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Computing Systems
GLE / COMPONENT		Troubleshooting

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 5.CS.T.01 . Identify, using accurate terminology, simple hardware and software problems that may occur during everyday use. Discuss problems with peers and adults, apply strategies for solving these problems and explain why the strategy should work.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT		Algorithms

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 5.AP.A.0 1. Compare and simplify multiple algorithms (sets of step-by-step instructions) for accomplishing the same task verbally and kinesthetically, with robot devices or a programming language, then determine which is the most efficient.

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT		Control

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 5.AP.C.0 1. Create a program using control structures (e.g., sequence, conditionals, interactive-looping), event handlers and variables to solve a problem or express ideas both independently and collaboratively.

**Missouri Learning Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2019**

STRAND: BIG IDEA / STANDARD		Computer Science Performance Standards
CONCEPT: GLE / BENCHMARK		Algorithms & Programming
GLE / COMPONENT		Algorithms

INDICATOR / PROFICIENCY 6- 8.AP.A.01. Design algorithms with flow charts and/or pseudocode to show solutions to complex problems.

**Montana Content Standards
Mathematics
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2011**

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.MP.	Mathematical Practices
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD MP.2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD MP.3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD MP.4. Model with mathematics.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically.

BENCHMARK / STANDARD MP.7. Look for and make use of structure.

**Montana Content Standards
Mathematics
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2011**

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.M.P.	Mathematical Practices
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.1.	Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.2.	Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.3.	Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.4.	Model with mathematics.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.5.	Use appropriate tools strategically.
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	MP.7.	Look for and make use of structure.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.6.RP.	Ratios and Proportional Relationships
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	6.RP.3.	Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems from a variety of cultural contexts, including those of Montana American Indians, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.

EXPECTATION 6.RP.3.a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole-number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.CC.6.EE.	Expressions and Equations
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Reason about and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK 6.EE.5. Understand solving an equation or inequality as a process of answering a question: which values from a specified set, if any, make the equation or inequality true? Use substitution to determine whether a given number in a specified set makes an equation or inequality true.

Montana Content Standards

Science

Grade 5 - Adopted: 2016

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.5.LS.	LIFE SCIENCE content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD 5.LS.1. Support an argument that plants get the materials they need for growth chiefly from air and water

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.5.ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD 5.ESS.3. Obtain and combine information from various sources about ways individual communities use science ideas to protect the Earth's resources, environment, and systems and describe examples of how American Indians use scientific knowledge and practices to maintain relationships with the natural world

**Montana Content Standards
Science
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2016**

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.6-8.LS.	LIFE SCIENCE content standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD 6-8.LS.9. Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.6-8.ESS.	EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE content standards for sixth through eighth grades are that students will:
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD 6-8.ESS.14. Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment

BENCHMARK / STANDARD 6-8.ESS.15. Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems including indigenous populations

Grade 6 - Adopted: 2011

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Key Ideas and Details
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.3. Follow precisely a multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Craft and Structure
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 6–8 texts and topics.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.5. Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to an understanding of the topic.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.7. Integrate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text with a version of that information expressed visually (e.g., in a flowchart, diagram, model, graph, or table).

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.9. Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.RST.6-8.	Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Range of Reading Level of Text Complexity

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK RST.6-8.10. By the end of grade 8, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Text Types and Purposes
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	WHST.6-8.2.	Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.

EXPECTATION WHST.6-8.2.d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	MT.WHST.6-8.	Writing Standards for Literacy in Science, and Technical Subjects
BENCHMARK / STANDARD		Production and Distribution of Writing

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK WHST.6-8.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK WHST.6-8.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas clearly and efficiently.

**Montana Content Standards
Technology Education
Grade 5 - Adopted: 2020/Effective 2021**

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN	CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR FIFTH GRADE	
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	The innovative designer content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(a)	use digital and non-digital tools to plan and manage a design process; and
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(b)	use design process to develop and test prototypes.
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR FIFTH GRADE
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(5)	The computational thinker content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(a)	explore or solve problems by selecting technology for data analysis, modeling and algorithmic thinking;
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(b)	break down problems into smaller parts, identify key information, and propose solutions; and
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR FIFTH GRADE
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(6)	The creative communicator content standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(b)	use a variety of strategies for remixing or repurposing to create new works; and
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(c)	create digital objects to communicate ideas visually and graphically.
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR FIFTH GRADE
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(1)	Computer science algorithms and programming standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(e)	describe choices made during program development.
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR FIFTH GRADE
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	Computer science impacts of computing standards for fifth grade are that each student will:
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(c)	utilize diverse perspectives for the purpose of improving computational artifacts;
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Montana Content Standards
Technology Education
Grade 6 - Adopted: 2020/Effective 2021

CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	The innovative designer content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(a)	select and use digital tools to support design processes, identify constraints and trade-offs and weigh risks;
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(b)	engage in design process to develop, test and revise prototypes or create innovative products; and
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(5)	The computational thinker content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(a)	investigate and practice solving problems by using data analysis, modeling or algorithmic thinking;
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(b)	organize data and use technology to display, analyze, solve problems and make decisions;
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(5)(c)	break down problems into component parts, identify key pieces and use that information to problem solve; and
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		CONTENT STANDARDS FOR TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(6)	The creative communicator content standards for sixth-eighth grade are that each student will:

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(a)	select appropriate platforms and tools to create, share, and communicate work;
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GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(6)(b)	create original works or responsibly remix and repurpose other digital resources into new creative works; and
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CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
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BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(1)	Computer science algorithms and programming standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(a)	use algorithms to address complex problems;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(c)	develop programs that combine control structures, including nested loops and compound conditionals;
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(1)(d)	decompose problems and subproblems into parts to facilitate the design, implementation, and review of programs;
CONTENT STANDARD / DOMAIN		COMPUTER SCIENCE CONTENT STANDARDS FOR SIXTH THROUGH EIGHTH GRADE
BENCHMARK / STANDARD	(4)	Computer science impacts of computing standards for sixth through eighth grades are that each student will:
GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATION / BENCHMARK	(4)(c)	collaborate with other contributors when creating a computational artifact; and